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# TRUMAN'S INVITATION TO PEACE

## PARTNERSHIP WITH ASIAN PEOPLES

## He Names Four Things For Russia To Do

SAN FRANCISCO, OCTOBER 17, (PTI-REUTER).

PRESIDENT TRUMAN TONIGHT CALLED FOR A "PARTNERSHIP OF PEACE" WITH THE PEOPLE OF ASIA.

**Mr. Truman who was broadcasting to the nation on his return from the Wake Island meeting with General MacArthur, said, "We seek full partnership with the people of Asia, as with all other peoples in the defence and support of the ideals which we and they have written into the Charter of the United Nations. This is the partnership of peace."**

The President called on the Soviet Union to give "concrete and positive proof of its intention to work for peace". He specifically named four things which the Soviet Union could do if it wished to prove that it really wanted peace.

One. By living up to the principles of the United Nations Charter.

Two. By joining the rest of the United Nations in calling upon the North Korean to lay down their arms at once.

Three. By lifting the iron curtain and permitting the free exchange of information and ideas.

Four. By joining in the efforts of the United Nations to establish a workable system of collective security—"a system", said the President, "which will permit the elimination of the atomic bomb and the drastic reduction and regulation of all other arms and armed forces".

President Truman said that the power of the North Korean Communist to resist United Nations forces effectively "will soon be at an end".

He said: "The North Korean Communists still refuse to acknowledge the authority of the United Nation. They continue to put up stubborn, but futile, resistance.

"United Nations forces are growing in strength and are now far superior to the forces which still oppose them.

**NEW COLONIALISM**

"But Communist imperialism would not have it so. Instead of working with other governments in mutual respect and co-operation, the Soviet Union attempted to extend its control over other peoples. It embarked upon a new colonialism—Soviet style.

This new colonialism has already brought under to complete control and exploitation many countries which used to be free. Moreover, the Soviet Union has refused to co-operate and has not allowed its satellites to co-operate with those nations it could not control.

"In the United Nations, the Soviet Union has persisted in obstruction. It has refused to share in activities devoted to the great economic, social and spiritual causes recognised in the United Nations Charter. For months on end, it even boycotted the Security Council.

**OBSTRUCTIONISM**

"These tactics of the Soviet Union have imposed an increasingly greater strain upon the fabric of world peace. Aggression and threats of aggression, aided and abetted by obstructionism in the United Nations, have caused grave concern among the nations which are honestly seeking peace.

"The response of the free world to the aggression in Korea has given these nations new confidence. But events in Korea have also made it more apparent than ever that the evil spirit of aggression is still abroad in the world. So long as this is true, we are all faced with a clear and present danger.

"Today, we face a violent and cynical attack upon our democratic faith, upon every hope of a decent and free life—indeed, upon every concept of human dignity. Those who support this evil purpose are prepared to back it to the limit with every device, including military force.

"The Soviet Union and its colonial satellites are maintaining armed forces of great size and strength. In both Europe and Asia, their vast armies pose a constant threat to world peace.

So long as they persist in maintaining these forces and in using them to intimidate other countries, the free men of the world have but one choice if they are to remain free. They must oppose strength with strength".

**(Message incomplete)**

## NO BIG 3 MEETING

### Bevin Rejects Suggestion

LONDON, Oct. 17. (PTI-Reuter): Foreign Secretary Ernest Bevin today rejected a suggestion in Parliament that Britain should take the initiative in arranging a Truman-Stalin-Attlee meeting to bring about improved relations between Russia and the West.

Ernest Bevin

He preferred the United Nations to settle disputes and prevent aggression, he said. It was also desirable to build up a position of strength through the Atlantic treaty organisation and similar measures.

"But if circumstances arose in which there was a real opportunity to reach a solution of some of these great world problems through meetings between the great powers, Britain would enter into consultations with her friends on any proposals that may be submitted", he declared.

The suggestion of a meeting between President Truman, Marshal Stalin and Prime Minister Attlee was made by Conservative Norman Bower. Mr. Bevin said the question of consultations between the great powers was now before the United Nations on American proposals for united action for peace.

Britain supported these proposals, he said. She was particularly anxious that effective steps should be taken to make sure that the United Nations organisation had the means necessary to prevent aggression.

### No Rice In Vijayavada

VIJAYAVADA, Oct. 17 (PTI): Ration card holders in Vijayavada had to go without rice today as licensed dealers had no stocks in hand.

The food position in Krishna district has not improved despite the arrival of 300 tons of Burma rice and a hundred tons from West Godavari.

### Newsprint Price Up

TORONTO, Oct. 17 (PTI-Reuter): An increase of 10 dollars (about three pounds ten shillings sterling) a ton in the price of standard newsprint, effective on November 1, was announced today by the Abitibi Power and Paper Company limited.

## Formosa: No U.S Ambitions

WASHINGTON, Oct. 17 (PTI-Reuter): Secretary of State Dean Acheson declared today that the future of Formosa, island stronghold of the Chinese Nationalists, must be settled by peaceful means.

He again denied that the United States had any territorial ambitions in Formosa.

Mr. Acheson's comment was the first official statement since President Truman and General MacArthur held their conference on Wake Island last weekend.

The Formosan question was believed to have been discussed at that meeting.

Mr. Acheson was denying a report by Tass that he and Mr. Ernest Bevin had made a secret agreement to turn Formosa into an American colony. The report emanated from The Hague.

### Dibrugarh Rocked

DIBRUGARH, Oct. 17 (PTI): An earthquake shock of moderate intensity shook Dibrugarh shortly after eight yesterday evening.

## DEFEATING THE VETO

### India Gives Support

LAKE SUCCESS, Oct. 17, (PTI-Reuter): India today announced her general support of the proposal that the General Assembly should be called into emergency session if the Security Council was prevented from acting against aggression.

Mr. B. N. Rau, the Indian delegate, told the United Nations Political Committee that this general support was subject to a point he raised in reference to the speech of Sir Frank Soskice, British Solicitor-General yesterday.

The proposal was that the General Assembly should be called into emergency session at 24 hours' notice. Mr. Rau said that India would have preferred longer notice.

B. N. RAU

The General Assembly emergency session proposal was one of the four principal points of the seven-power plan aimed at providing the Assembly with more powers to meet aggression when the Security Council is "paralysed" by veto.

It had been the intention of the Committee to deal with each point in turn and to vote on each separately. The vote on calling the General Assembly had been expected today, but Iraq asked a postponement to study the legal aspect.

The Committee voted 25 to 19 with 13 abstentions in favour of postponement.

The committee then took up next point in the overall resolution—namely, the establishment of a peace observation commission which would keep its eye on any trouble spot in any part of the world.

Mr. Rau said that he had read very carefully the speech which Britain's Solicitor-General had delivered and would like to mention certain points arising from it. He said that the best way of raising them would be to put "a concrete case".

Mr. L.M. Patil, Minister for Excise and Prohibition, Government of Bombay will broadcast a talk "Rural Reconstruction in Bombay State" on October 22 at 9-45 p.m., from Bombay, on 244 and 41.44 metres.

## U. S. Bombers To Aid Fleeing French Forces

SAIGON, Oct. 17.

UNITED STATES light bombers may be flown to Indo-China within the next 10 days to help the French Forces hold the northern border against the Viet Minh insurgents, according to French sources here today.

They would act as a stop gap until the arrival of the American military aid promised this week in Washington.

French army strategists General Alphonse Juin, Commander of the French North African Forces, and M. Jean Letourneau, Minister for French Associated States, flew into Saigon today.

They are on a ten-day mission to report to the French Cabinet on the serious military situation in Indo-China.

M. Leourneau said he had come to Indo-China "to put thing in order" but he had nothing else to add to his declaration in Paris 32 hours earlier.

## CITY DOCTOR TAKES POISON & DIES

BOMBAY Tuesday.

A city medical practitioner residing at Second Carpenter Street was reported to have committed suicide this morning. The body has been removed to the J. J. Hospital morgue where the police surgeon will conduct a postmortem examination tomorrow, and the City Coroner will hold an inquest.

Dr. Babubhai Chandulal Gandhi, 30, was found dead in his room at Bhupendra Bhuvan at 11-30 a.m. today. He had left a letter addressed to one of his relatives stating that he was taking poison. In the letter he had not given any reason why. Two empty bottles of poison were recovered by the police from a room.

Dr. Gandhi after passing the L.C.P.S. examination practised in the city for some time. He was preparing for the final M.B.B.S. examination due on October 24. He had sent away his wife and four children to Surat recently and was staying alone. This morning when his sister went to see him at his residence she found the doors locked from inside. Getting no reply after repeated knocking, she forced open the doors with the help of some neighbours, when she found Dr. Gandhi lying dead on the floor.

### Hysteria Goes On

**MADRAS, Oct. 17. (PTI): Members of the Dravidian Federation continued picketing here today for the second day the two North Indian shops which were picketed yesterday.**

**There were no arrests today. The eight persons who were taken into custody while picketing last evening were later let off.**

## PYONGYANG WILL FALL SOON

### TOMMIES LEAD YANKS IN THE NEW RACE

TOKYO, October 17, (PTI-Reuter).

UNITED NATIONS forces, with Commonwealth troops in the lead, were tonight closing in on Pyongyang, the North Korean Capital, which was expected to fall within 36 hours. The British today took the lead from the Americans in the race on Pyongyang from the south.

They charged on Communist defence positions on foot to enter the key road and rail centre of Sariwon, 36 miles south of the capital. To the north-east, lightly equipped South Korean troops raced up to Sangwon, 21 miles east of the city.

Further north, South Korean troops sweeping across the peninsula from the captured port of Wonsan were reported to have reached Hwachang, about 43 air miles from the capital. These troops were expected soon to cut across the road and rail system feeding Pyongyang from the north.

The Commowealth troops, and the American 24th Division alongside them, now have a clear run north to Pyongyang through the eastern coastal plain. The only natural obstacles are a few small rivers which branch from the Taedong River, upon which Pyongyang stands.

**SPECTACULAR GAINS**

General MacArthur's latest communique reported spectacular gains along the whole of the United Nations 100-mile offensive arc.

An American intelligence officer said that many pockets of resistance, bypassed both north and south of the 38th parallel, were now crumbling.

British Navy Sea Furies and Fireflies from the carrier "Theseus" flattened an extensive area of dock and harbour buildings at Chinnampo, west coast port for Pyongyang, a communique announced today.

The Navy warplanes also destroyed four Communist mine laying junks and a large motor vessel.

**JAPS USED**

LAKE SUCCESS: North Korea has complained to the Security Council that American forces in Korea have been using Japanese troops in their fighting.

A telegram yesterday from the North Korean Minister of Foreign Affairs said he had proof that a "considerable number" of Japanese took part in the fighting around Seoul.

This was a "flagrant violation" by the United States of international agreements on the post-war status of Japan and the United Nations Charter, the message said.

An American spokesman at the United Nations said this was a "fantastic" charge which could be dis-

(Continued on Page 6)

## 28 PERISH IN AIR CRASH

### Tragedy Near London

LONDON, Oct. 17 (PTI-Reuter): Twenty-three passengers and five crew were killed when a British airliner crashed at Mill Hill, northwest of London today. Only one adult on board survived.

The Civil Aviation Ministry said the plane was a British European Airways Dakota which had left Northolt airport, Middlesex, for Renfew, Scotland, but was forced back through failure of one engine.

The plane burst into flames as it hit the ground.

The plane caught fire in the air, hit a roof-top, ploughed through a wall and landed in a garden.

## BOY CRUSHED TO DEATH

### Bus Driver Assaulted

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Excitement prevailed for some time following an accident in which a ten-year-old boy was crushed to death under a BEST bus at Kalbadevi Road this afternoon. Vehicular traffic was at a standstill for about an hour as the road was blocked by the public who took the law in their own hands and assaulted the bus driver.

Dhirajlal Rewashankar Vyas, the deceased, was standing near the footpath at the junction of old Hanuman Gully and Kalbadevi Road at 3 p.m. when a BEST bus, said to have been driven in a rash and negligent manner, knocked him down. The boy came into contact with the front wheel of the bus and was crushed. He died on the spot.

The accident created great excitement and onlookers began to insist that the driver was at fault. The Princess Street police who were informed rushed to the spot and took the driver into custody.

## Expedite Bonus To Mill Workers

### PLEA TO MORARJI

POONA, Oct. 17. (PTI):—A Deputation of the Hind Mazdoor Sabha, led by the General Secretary, Mr. Raja Kulkarni, waited on the Home Minister, Mr. Morarji Desai, today to urge that steps should be taken to expedite the payment of bonus to the textile workers in Bombay to relieve the hardship caused to them by remaining idle for two months during the strike. The other members of the deputation were Mr. Peter Alvares and Mr. R. A. Khedgikar.

The Home Minister was also requested to release all the workers arrested and convicted for picketing and withdraw cases pending against some others in connection with the strike. The Home Minister was reported to have told the deputation that he could give no assurance about the release as each individual case would have to be studied individually and that he was not prepared to withdraw the pending cases which will have to be decided by the courts.

**NO VICTIMISATION**

The deputation also pleaded with him to impress on the millowners that there should be no victimisation of the workers for taking part in the strike.

Members of the deputation also met the Labour Minister, Mr. M. M. Naik-Nimbalkar and discussed the possibility of amending the Bombay Industrial Relations Act with a view to introducing the principle of election in deciding the representative character of a union. They wanted that the recognition should be decided by the vote of the workers in the industry and not by membership of a union as provided at present.

## CESS TO MEET COST OF EDUCATION

### Bill Gives Corporation Right Of Levy

POONA, October 17, (PTI).

THE Bombay Municipal Corporation was being empowered to levy an education cess, to be used exclusively for expenditure on education to meet the increasing cost on primary education by a bill to amend the Bombay Municipal Corporation Act, which was moved for the consideration of the Bombay Legislative Assembly, today, by the Minister for Local Self-Government, Mr. G. D. Vartak.

The Corporation will have also the power to levy a theatre tax on cinema shows and dramatic performances which is expected to augument its revenues by about rupees two to three lakhs.

Mr. Vartak explained that the cess might be levied either from individuals or from property owners. In the latter case, property owners would be required to pay twenty-five per cent of the cess and the remaining seventy-five per cent would be collected from the tenants in proportion to the rents they paid.

**WHY THE CESS**

The Minister said that the Corporation spent one crore of rupees on primary education, and it had been suggested to government by a committee appointed to look into the financial position of the Corporation, that the government should increase its education grant to the Corporation to Rs. 25,00,000 or bear one-fourth of the approved expenditure on primary education. It was not possible for government, Mr. Vartak said, to increase its grant and that was why the provision of the cess was being made.

Mr. Vartak said the bill proposed to reorganise the Municipal Schools Committee. The Municipal Commissioner would be the executive head of the entire municipal administration inclusive of Education Department. The Secretary to the Municipal Schools Committee would be replaced by an Education Officer, subordinate to the Municipal Commissioner, and the Schools Committee would then be styled as the Education Committee.

The bill also provided that the B.E.S.T. should make increasing contributions to the general fund of the Corporation. The transport services would be required to pay Rs. 25,00,000 in 1951, and the same would rise by three lakhs every year till from 1956 onwards it will contribute the maximum of Rs. 40,00, 000 annually.

The bill was under discussion when the House adjourned for the day.

## Unofficial Dulles-Vyshinsky Talks On The Peace Proposal

LAKE SUCCESS, Oct. 17 (PTI-Reuter): M. Andrei Vyshinsky, Soviet Foreign Minister, M. Jacob Malik, permanent Soviet representative to the United Nations, and Mr. John Foster Dulles of the United States, held a private fifty-minute meeting today.

Usually reliable sources said they discussed outstanding differences between East and West on the question of giving the General Assembly more power to deal with aggression.

Another of the subjects discussed was understood to be the Soviet proposal for a meeting between the "Big Five" powers—Britain, United States, France, Russia and China—to try to resolve points of dispute.

Reports first circulated that the meeting was concerned with the Japanese peace treaty. Mr. Dulles had been holding consultations with several delegations on this matter.

*M. Vyshinsky*

M. Malik left the room five minutes before the end of the meeting.

Asked whether the conversations had touched on the Japanese peace treaty, M. Vyshinsky, through his interpreter, replied, "I do not deal with the Japanese peace treaty. I have too many other things to do now."

Also present at the meeting—held in one of the smaller United Nations conference rooms—was Mr. Harding Bancroft, Director of United Nations political and security affairs at the American State Department.

The talks preceded the regular meeting of the United Nations Political Committee.

After the "closed door" talk, M. Vyshinsky laughingly dodged questions about possible future meetings.

"Do we have to issue statements after every time we talk? How can we carry on our work?" he asked reporters.

After the meeting, Mr. Dulles issued this statement: "We talked over some of our differences regarding the 'United for peace' resolution.

"There was a full and frank exchange of views without positive results, except that there was a better understanding of our respective positions."

### Knowledge Is Not Power, Apparently

ALLAHABAD, Oct. 17 (PTI): A general knowledge test of about 1,600 candidates for fifty posts of Police Sub-Inspectors held here recently, brought forth many howlers from the examinees who included graduates. Here are some of the howlers:—

(1). Himachal Pradesh is in North Korea recently captured by the South Korean and U.N. troops.

(2). Exodus from East Bengal is due to earthquake.

(3). Kutub Minar was constructed by Ashoka, the Great.

(4) Hafiz Mohammad Ibrahim is the Governor-General of Pakistan.

(5). MacArthur is the General Secretary of America.

(6). Shillong is in Burma.

(7). Indonesia is a country near Russia.

Fifty students on one single day of the interview could not answer where the Jallianwala Bagh tragedy happened and nearly 20 did not know the order of the colours on the national flag.

### More Workers Freed

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Two hundred and fourteen persons arrested in connection with the textile strike and detained in various jails in the city were released today. The remaining detenus will be released tomorrow, it was learnt tonight.

PARIS, Oct. 17, (PTI-Reuter): The American Consulate-General here has checked up to 300 visas to the United States daily since last Thursday's suspension of all visas under the new American Internal Security Act, embassy official disclosed yesterday.

## STOP AMERICAN ATROCITIES

### China's Call To Red Cross

MONTE CARLO, Oct. 17 (PTI-Reuter): China today asked the International Red Cross here to cable the United Nations demanding "immediate steps to prevent the American adventurers committing fresh acts of aggression and provoking the greatest catastrophe to humanity."

The Chinese delegate gave a long and detailed list of incidents in which he said American aircraft had flown over Chinese territory.

He also placed before the League of Red Cross Societies a resolution protesting against "the atrocities committed over Chinese territory by the American air forces operating in Korea" and insisting that the United States "immediately cease acts which imperil peace."

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**EDUCATIONAL ADLETS**

**Punjab Matric Admission forms now being sent to the University. Desirous candidates should apply soon. Study by post. P. C. College, Krishna Market, New Delhi.** (8911)

**A New Batch—Davar's College of Commerce—October enrolments commenced for all General and Specialised Diploma Courses in Commerce. Enrol immediately. Tuition person or postal. Call or write for Prospectus 51, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay.** (2179)

**MEDICAL ADLETS**

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## PUBLIC NOTICES

**AIR SERVICES OF INDIA LTD.**

NOTICE

**NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the THIRTEENTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the above Company will be held at "Scindia House", Dougal Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay on the 16th November, 1950. at 4 p. m. (S.T.) to adopt the Directors' Report & the Audited Statement of Accounts for the year ended 30th June, 1950, to elect Directors in place of those who retire and to appoint Auditors for the ensuing year and to fix their remuneration.**

**The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will remain CLOSED from TUESDAY, the 7th Novr. to THURSDAY, the 16th Novr. 1950 both days inclusive.**

By order of the Board,
**Mercantile Airways Agency Ltd.**
**SHANTIKUMAR N. MORARJEE,**
Director,
Managing Agents.

**Scindia House,**
**Ballard Estate,**
**Bombay, 16-10-50.**

**Shareholders are requested to notify change of address, if any.**

(8914)

**THE ASSOCIATED CEMENT COS., LIMITED**

NOTICE

**THE SHARE TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from MONDAY, the 6th November to THURSDAY, the 30th November, 1950, both days inclusive.**

By Order of the Board,
For The Associated Cement Cos., Ltd.,
**CEMENT AGENCIES, LTD.**
Managing Agents,
J. H. PATEL,
Managing Director.

**Bombay, 29th September, 1950.**

8913

**G.I.P. RAILWAY TENDERS**

**THE CONTROLLER OF STORES, invites tenders for the supply of (i) Miscellaneous Stores consisting of Bones cuttle fish, Chalk white, cloth sponge, glue commercial, lime stone, Napthaline in balls, paper toilet, wax bees and whiting and (ii) Bamboos hill solid, poles Nowgany, Baskets bamboo large and small, baskets cane small, brooms Goa, cane dressed thin and straw rice, during the period 1-2-1951 to 31-1-1952. Tender forms obtainable from Stores Head Office, Gipstore Lane, Lower Parel, Bombay 13 at Rs. 2|- per copy in each case. Not refundable. Money order or cash only. Closing date 6th November 1950 at 3 P.M.** (S.T.)

(8901)

## PUBLIC NOTICES

**AIR SERVICES OF INDIA, LTD.**

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of AIR SERVICES OF INDIA, LTD., will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, at "Scindia House", Dougall Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay, on THURSDAY, the 16th day of November, 1950, at 4-15 p.m. (S.T.), or as soon thereafter as the proceedings of the Ordinary Meeting of the Company to be held at 4 p.m. on the same day, at the same place, terminate, when the subjoined Resolutions will be proposed as Special Resolutions.

**SPECIAL RESOLUTIONS**

1. That this Meeting approves of the termination of the Managing Agency of the Company held by the Mercantile Airways Agency, Ltd., with effect from 23rd November 1950.

2. That the Articles of Association of the Company be altered in manner following:—

(1) That instead of Article 11, the following Article be substituted:
The certificates of title to shares and duplicates thereof when necessary shall be issued under the Seal of the Company and signed by one Director and countersigned by an Officer of the Company authorised in that behalf by the Directors.

(2) That instead of Article 92 the following Article be substituted:
Until otherwise determined by the Company in General Meeting the number of Directors shall not be less than six and more than fifteen.

(3) That instead of Article 92A the following Article be substituted:
The Directors may appoint, from time to time, the Chairman of their Board. The appointment may be for such term or period as the Directors may, from time to time, determine.

(4) That Article 93 be deleted.

(5) That instead of Article 95, the following Article be substituted:
The Qualification of a Director, shall be the holding of in his own name or jointly with any person, whether beneficially or as a trustee for any person or otherwise, 250 shares in the Company and it shall be his duty to comply with the provision of Section 85 of the Act.

(6) That instead of Article 99C, the following Article be substituted:
If he ceases to hold his qualification provided that it shall not affect the provisions of Article 96 hereof.

(7) That instead of Article 99G, the following Article be substituted:
If he be requested in writing by all his Co-Directors to resign or be removed from office by an Extraordinary Resolution of the Company.

(8) That instead of Article 100, the following Article be substituted:
No Director or firm of which such Director is a partner, or private company of which such director is a director shall without the consent of the Company in General Meeting hold any office of profit under the Company except that of a Managing Director or Manager or a legal or technical adviser or a banker:

(9) That instead of Article 101, the following Article be substituted:
The Directors shall not be disqualified from contracting with the Company either as vendor, purchaser or otherwise, nor shall any such contract or arrangement entered into by or on behalf of the Company with any Company or partnership in which any Director shall be a member or otherwise interested be avoided nor shall any Director so contracting or being such member or so interested be liable to account to the Company for any profit realised by any such contract or arrangement by reason of Director holding that office or of the fiduciary relation thereby established if such contract or arrangement is entered into or arrived at with the consent of the Directors and the nature of his interests is disclosed by them or him at the meeting of the Directors at which the contract or arrangement is determined on, if the interest then exists, or in any other case, at the first meeting of the Directors after the acquisition of the interest. As regards the vote of such Director at any such meeting provision of section 91 B of the Act shall be complied with. As regards the disclosure as aforesaid provisions of section 91 A of the Act shall be complied with and after such compliance it shall not be necessary to give any special notice relating to any particular transaction with any firm or a Company in which any Director is a member.

(10) That instead of Article 103, the following Article be substituted:
At every ordinary meeting in every year, one-third of the directors for the time being or, if their number is not three or a multiple of three, then the number nearest to one-third shall retire from office.

(11) That instead of Article 107, the following Article be substituted:
The Company may by Extraordinary resolution remove any Director before the expiration of his period of office and may by an ordinary resolution appoint another qualified person in his stead, but the person so appointed shall hold office during such time only as the Director in whose place he is appointed would have held the same if he had not been removed.

(12) That the following be added after Article 110 as Article 110A.

**MANAGING DIRECTORS**

The Directors may appoint Managing Director or Directors and may delegate to such Managing Director or Directors all or any of the powers of the Directors hereunder as the Directors may think fit. The appointment may be for such period and at such remuneration as the Directors may think fit and the Managing Director or Managing Directors so appointed shall not while holding that office be subject to retirement by rotation. The appointment of a Managing Director shall be subject to determination IPSO FACTO if he ceases from any cause to be a director or if the Company in a General Meeting resolved that the tenure of the office of the Managing Director may be determined.

(13) That Articles 111 to 120, both inclusive, be deleted.

(14) That instead of Article 122, the following Article be substituted:
A Director may at any time convene a meeting of the Directors. It shall not be necessary to give notice of Meeting of the Directors to a Director who is not for the time being resident in the place where the meeting is held. Questions arising at any meeting shall be decided by a majority of votes and in case of an equality of votes the Chairman shall have a second or casting vote.

(15) That instead of Article 132, the following Article be substituted:
The Directors shall provide for the safe custody of the Seal, and the Seal shall never be used except by the authority of the Directors or a committee of the Directors previously given and one Director at least shall sign every instrument to which the Seal is affixed and ~~every such instrument~~ shall be countersigned by an officer of the company authorised in that behalf by the Directors: Provided, nevertheless, that any instrument bearing the Seal of the Company and issued for valuable consideration shall be binding on the Company notwithstanding any irregularity touching the authority of the Directors to issue the same.

(16) That instead of Article 157, the following Article be substituted:
Every such Balance Sheet shall be accompanied by a Report of the Directors as to the state and condition of the Company and as to the amount (if any) which they recommend to be paid out of the profits by way of dividend or bonus to the members. The report may be signed by the Chairman of the Directors on behalf of the Directors if authorised in that behalf by the Directors, and the Account and Balance Sheet shall be signed by two Directors or, when there are less than two Directors, by the sole Director and in either case shall be countersigned by an officer of the company authorised in that behalf by Directors.

(17) That instead of Article 159, the following Article be substituted:
After the balance sheet has been laid before the Company at the General Meeting, a copy thereof signed by a Director shall be filed with the Registrar at the same time as the copy of the Annual List of Members and Summary prepared in accordance with provisions of section 32 of the Act.

(18) That Article 121 be numbered Article 111, and all Articles following Article 121 be renumbered accordingly.

By order of the Board,
Mercantile Airways Agency, Ltd.,
SHANTIKUMAR N. MORARJEE,
Director,
Managing Agents.

Scindia House,
Ballard Estate,
Bombay, 16-10-50

8914A

**THE B.E.S. & T. UNDERTAKING**

SEALED TENDER for the supply of 1) 60 Traffic Directional Ballards; 2) 1 Air Conditioning Plant; 3) Ceiling fans and Flourescent Lamps 12 Nos. each: 4) 100 Brackets for side entry lanterns will be received by the Chief Storekeeper, Electric House, Fort, Bombay, 1, up to noon on 26-10-50.

Tender Forms can be obtained from the Chief Storekeeper, Electric House. 8916

# President Opens Khadi Centre

## PLEA TO PRACTISE NON-VIOLENCE

BARDOLI, Oct. 17. (PTI): Dr. Rajendra Prasad, this morning, inaugurated a khadi vidhyalaya in the Bardoli Swarajya Ashram.

The vidhyalaya will serve as a training class for khadi workers in Surat and Gujerat.

The President was shown at the function a new spinning wheel invented at the Swarjya Ashram, with which spinning and carding or spinning and doubling could be simultaneously carried out. He evinced keen interest in the new "charkha" and said this invention, which will help the spinner to card as much cotton as he uses while spinning, should be of very great use.

Dr. Rajendra Prasad was presented a large quantity of yarn, carded cotton, and a spinning wheel from various ashrams in the district.

Dr. Rajendra Prasad expressed satisfaction that the Swaraja Ashram and allied institutions in this area were carrying out vigorously the khadhi programme of Mahatma Gandhi and said that there was no doubt that the path of non-violence and self-sufficiency shown by Mahatma Gandhi would be the only solution for the present problems of the world. The President said "many waver and doubt the efficacy of the programme as a solution for the country's poverty and ills. But the future will decide whether the charkha or the atom bomb will lead to peace. In my mind there is no doubt that the Gandhian path is the correct one."

**STATUE UNVEILED**

Unveiling a statue of Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel in the Bobbin and Ginning Co-operative Society premises, Dr. Rajendra Prasad paid tributes to his services to the nation.

Describing Sardar Patel as his elder brother, Dr. Rajendra Prasad said that Sardar and his Bardoli inspired the country when Gandhiji suggested satyagraha as the method of attaining freedom.

"Sardar inspired us at Bardoli. He is continuing to inspire us at the seat of administration. It is a privilege bestowed upon me to unveil his statue in Bardoli where Sardar began his work.

The President and party left for Surat by special train.

## Dr. Koteeswaran Leaves For Istanbul

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Dr. P. Koteeswaran, Chief Forecasting Officer, Santa Cruz, left this morning for Istanbul to attend the meeting of the I. C. A. O. (International Civil Aviation Organisation) for the Middle-East region, commencing there today.

The other members are Mr. T. P. Bhalla, Director-General of Civil Aviation, and Dr. M. B. Sarwate, Director of Aeronautical Communications in the Civil Aviation department, Government of India.

# HELP IMPLEMENT DELHI PACT

## N. G. Ayyangar On Need For Indo-Pak Accord

NEW DELHI, Oct. 17 (UPI): Mr. N. Gopalaswamy Ayyangar, India's Minister for Transport and Railways, has reiterated that "friendly ties between India and Pakistan are the only enduring basis on which the peace and prosperity of the two countries can be built up."

In a letter to Mr. P. L. Lakhanpal, General Secretary of the India-Pakistan Friendship Association, on the first anniversary of the I.P.F.A., he says, "The achievement of freedom should normally have left no ground for complaint and recrimination but the Indo-Pakistan relations have been none too happy in the past owing to a number of reasons.

"It is the sacred duty of every well-wisher of either country to promote harmonious and cordial understanding between India and Pakistan on all fronts and to help in the scrupulous implementation of the Prime Ministers' Agreement of last April."

Mr. Mohammed Ismail, High Commissioner for Pakistan in India, who was the guest of honour at a dinner held here yesterday to celebrate the first anniversary of the I.P.F.A., said that people in India and Pakistan must forget and forgive the unfortunate happenings of the past and begin afresh an era of mutual co-operation and understanding.

## Historical Records Commission

NEW DELHI, Oct. 17: The Government of India have appointed Sri Sankar Nath Dutt, Keeper of Records, Government of West Bengal, nominee of the West Bengal Government, as an ordinary and Associate Member of the Commission vice Sri Jahar Lal Majumdar for the residual term of his membership, i.e. up to March 31, 1952.

# MAY 1951, DEADLINE FOR GENERAL ELECTIONS

## State Governments Asked To Be Prepared

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

**FOLLOWING the desire expressed by the Prime Minister of India, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru to hold the first general elections in the country not later than May, 1951, the Chief Election Commissioner, Government of India, has asked all the State Governments "to maintain constant vigilance on all preliminary arrangements required for holding the elections, so that, the target date fixed by the Government of India may not be exceeded".**

In a directive sent to the State Governments, the Chief Election Commissioner has called upon them to complete the printing of supplementary electoral rolls by October 21, and the publication of preliminary electoral rolls by November 1, throughout the counntry with a view to inviting their claims and objections which must be filed by November 21. No claim or objection would be entertained thereafter, except in special cases.

**KEEP FORMS READY**

The Chief Election Commissioner has further instructed the State Governments "to keep all forms required for filing claims and objections ready after the publication of electoral rolls so as to leave no cause for complaint that claims and objections cannot be filed for want of claims and objections forms".

As far as Bombay is concerned, all the necessary arrangements are being expedited so as to make the electoral rolls including supplementary rolls, available to the public for the purposes of claims and objections by November 1.

# WELFARE STATE FOUNDED ON HARD WORK

## Conditions Not Conducive Here, Says Prof. Panandikar

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

PROF. S. G. Panandikar, noted economist, stressed here today the need for the progressive stepping up of production with a view to putting the deteriorating economy of the country on an even keel. The professor was speaking on "India as a Welfare State" under the auspices of the Royal Asiatic Society. Dewan Bahadur K. M. Jhaveri presided.

Prof. Panandikar affirmed that the prevailing conditions in the country were not conducive to the establishment of a Welfare State, though such a State was the goal of almost every democratic country in the world. He felt that a Welfare State could be built up only on the solid foundation of hard work in industry, in agriculture, and in fact, in every department of the national life. He however deplored that that was not the "present temper" of the people.

Amplifying his point the speaker said that during the British regime and even after it came into power, the Congress had fed the people on false hopes and rosy promises of providing them with all the amenities of a Welfare State, such as sufficient food, clothing and shelter, adequate educational and recreational facilities, provision against unemployment, old-age pension, accident benefit, sickness allowance, enough wages—in short, a decent standard of living. When therefore, no such promises materialised even after three years of the Congress rule, there came a feeling of frustration among the labour, resulting in the present widespread economic unrest in the country.

**FOR PROSPERITY**

Prof. Panandikar urged that the Congress Government should make it abundantly clear to the working class that a Welfare State could be founded only on hard work, and they should therefore see to it that they contributed their highest to the industries in which they worked. That way alone lay national prosperity.

Emphasising the need for inviting foreign capital, the speaker observed that today the Indian rupee was equavalent only to four annas in terms of its pre-war purchasing power. This meant that today's income of Rs. 200 was just equal to Rs. 50 before the war. This was in fact the reverse of a Welfare State. Though anti-social elements among industrialists and capitalists was to be dealt with sternly capitalism by itself could not be liquidated so easily.

Pandit Nehru himself had discounted the idea of nationalising all the industries under the present circumstances of the country. The economic incentive underlying private enterprise was to be preserved for building up the country's shattered economy. Whereas on the one hand production was going down, both in agriculture and industry, the population of the country was mounting up by leaps and bounds. Taking the birth and death rate of the country, there was an increase of atlest 10,000, every 24-hours. This was in fact a growing menace to the economic life of the country. This was anyhow to be checked, if necessary even by scientific means.

**MORE CAPITAL**

The professor added that for the industrial development of the country on modern lines, the country should not be shy to invite foreign, particularly American capital. Unless there was more capital, it was impossible to increase the wealth of the country.

Prof. Panandikar revealed that during the British regime the State took away only one-twelfth of the national income by way of taxation. The present Government took away one-eighth of the whole income, and that too without giving any larger benefits in return.

The expenditure on the police and defence in general had increased. Salaries of Government officers had gone up. In fact, the whole administrative machintry had become more expensive. The so-called ameliorative legislation including labour and tenancy laws had only helped towards reducing production. Under circumstances one wondered how far the Congress Government's claim could be justified, that they were working for the establishment of a Welfare State.

## *PETITION FOR A MANDAMUS WRIT*

### *Medical Student's Contention*

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Coyajee)

Sushila Premji Jobanputra—Petitioner.

vs.

The Surgeon-General to the Government of Bombay—Respondent.

His Lordship admitted on Monday a petition for a Writ of Mandamus against the respondant to restore the name of the petitioner on the Roll of the Grant Medical College, Bombay, which she alleged had been illegally cancelled by him. The case has been made returnable for argument on 13th November.

The petitioner had, after passing the Inter Science examination been admitted in June 1948 to the Grant Medical College as belonging to a backward class. She attended that College till February 1950 when her name was struck off the Roll by the respondent on the ground that it had been discovered that the petitioner did not belong to any backward class.

The petitioner contended that she had been rightly classified as belonging to a backward community in view of the fact that she belonged to the Lohana sect generally known as "Thakkars" who had been included in the list of backward classes.

Mr. M. L. Maneksha with Mr. N. P. Nathwani instructed by Messrs. Nandlal and Co. appeared for the petitioner.

## City Goans To Collect Funds For Assam Relief

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Prominent leaders of the Goan community in Bombay have organised a mass meeting of the Goans at the People's Hall (Congress House) on Sunday, October 22, to organise collection of funds for aid to the victims of Assam earthquake.

# B. E. S. T. EMPLOYEES CONGRATULATED

## High Level Debate In Corporation

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

**AFTER a full-dress debate lasting for more than two hours in which as many as thirteen members from both the sides participated, the Bombay Municipal Corporation at its special meeting today carried a Congres-sponsored resolution by 40 votes to 25 congratulating the B.E.S.T. workers for keeping the transport services running in the city on August 31, when Socialists organised a general strike in sympathy with the striking mill operatives.**

A feature of the debate was "its high level", and before he finally put the resolution to vote, the Mayor warmly complimented the City Fathers, who participated in the debate, for their "very friendly tone", while speaking on the resolution. Mr. S. K. Patil, the Mayor, was in the chair.

At the outset, Mr. Jahagir Daruwaila raised a point of order stating that there were many cases sub-judice arising out of the general strike and it might difficult for members of the House to avoid reference to these cases. Mr. Naushir Bharucha supported him.

The Mayor held that the resolution was quite in order now that the biggest hurdle has been crossed by the award of the Labour Appellate Tribunal. He, however, appealed to members of the House to treat the subject above controversy and avoid any reference to some sub-judice cases still pending before courts in the city. He assured the House that he would be as watchful as ever to see that such references were avoided by the speakers.

Mr. Dahyabhai Patel, Leader of the Congress Party, moving the resolution said that it was a matter of gratification for them all that transport services in the city were not paralysed despite high provocation and intimidation on the part of Socialists. The Corporation on its part appreciated their devotion to duty. He could not, however, refer to a section of clerical staff in the same way. But, he assured the workers that they had very sympathetic superior officers and if they co-operate with the public in the same spirit in future, they would, no doubt, receive the most sympathetic treatment from officers.

Mr. Gordhandas Morarji, Chairman of the B.E.S.T. Committee, supporting the resolution said that the whole city of Bombay was thankful to transport workers for not paralysing the system. The workers, he said, had joined work on that day, because they knew full well that they would be losing sympathy of 32 lakhs of people in this city.

It was not true that they were compelled or forced by the police bayonets to join duty. "Let a single member of the B.E.S.T. Undertaking come out and say that there was intimidation on the part of the B.E.S.T. administration or authorities," he challenged. He said that it was their inherent right to congratulate all those who behaved well and worked willingly when there was grave provocation from certain misguided political parties.

**WILLING WORK**

Mr. K. K. Shah said that the very fact that transport workers did not participate in the general strike organised by the Socialists clearly proved that they had not accepted the unsound advice given to them by Socialists.

Mr. Homi Talyarkhan said that he could give instances where the passengers were protected by the B.E.S.T. employees themselves who were willingly manning the transport services. He had been told by some corporators themselves of such instances. He said that he could go a step further and say that loyal workers should be rewarded by the B.E.S.T. Undertaking. He told the House that he had information that the B.E.S.T. Committee had already such a proposal under its contemplation.

The resolution was supported by Salebhoy Abdul Kader, Ramsaheb Pandey and Mr. K. L. Borker.

**SELF-DECEPTION**

Mr. G. G. Mehta, the Socialis' member, opposing the resolution said that the Congress Party was practising self-deception by sponsoring such a resolution. This resolution in no way would influence the B.E.S.T. workers in future, because he knew full well that a very large section including members of traffic staff had made up their minds to patricipate in the general strike.

He also alleged that actually trams and buses were running in the city on that day at the point of bayonets. He quoted statistics to prove that the majority of transport workers kept away from work. He said that out of scheduled staff of 12,000, ten thousand participated in the strike. Similarly, he said, about 700 to 800 out of the total 1,300 bus staff and in Dadar workshop about 800 out of 1,200 joined the strike.

Supporting him, Mr. Naushir Bharucha appealed to the Congress Party to drop the ill-conceived resolution. Coaxing the workers was a pathetic commentary on the way they were handling the labour, he said. "Thereby, you are holding yourself in ridicule of the people," he told them. "You are discriminating one set of people against another and there will be no miracle of psychological effect on the workers themselves. Therefore drop it."

**RETALIATION**

Mr. M. B. Dhonde said that the situation in the city had gradually returned to normal and he suspected that the resolution was not motivated by gratitude but by a feeling of retaliation. That feeling could be easily avoided, he pleaded. This strike in the city had clearly shown that the leadership of workers had gone out of political parties into the hands of workers themselves. By passing this resolution, the corporators were not doing any service to the citizens of Bombay, he said.

Mr. M. A. Harris, Leader of the Socialist Party, pleaded with the Congress party members to try to understand the psychology of workers before sponsoring such a resolution. He said that by wholly participating in the strike the B.E.S.T. workers had declared their solidarity with the working class.

Mr. S. N. Raut and Mr. A. Vichare opposed the resolution.

The resolution as passed at the meeting is as follows:

"The Bombay Municipal Corporation place on record their high appreciation of the exemplary behaviour of municipal employees of B.E.S.T. in attending to their work and carrying out their duties on 31st of August, when attempts were made to stage the so-called GeGneral Strike."

Earlier, the Mayor welcomed Mr. Tom Simmons and Mrs. Simmons from Los Angels (U.S.A.), visitors to the city. He referred to Mr. Simmons as a great industrialist of the United States and a keen sportsman. Mr. Simmons is the President of the Hollywood Race Track which is stated to be the best in the world. Both Mr. and Mrs. Simmons watched the proceedings of the House for some time.

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on 18 April, 2017

## CITY & SUBURBS

### TODAY

WEDNESDAY OCT. 18.
Hindu: Asoe Shud 8, 2006.
Muslim: Moharram 6, 1370.
Parsi: Ardibehest 16, 1320.
Sunrise 6-34 a.m., Sunset 6-15 p.m.
Hightide 05-22, 17-11.
Lowtide 12-16, 23-30.

### *Today's Engagements*

MUNICIPAL CORPORATION: Meeting of Standing Commmitte at 3-30 p.m.

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS: Public Questions and Answers. Meetings preceded by short talk on "The Greatest of All Wars", Jehangir Wadia Building 6-15 p.m.

KANARA SARASWAT ASSOCIATION: Discourse on "Jnaneshwari" in Marathi. Shrimat Anandashram Hall, Talmakiwadi, Tardeo, 6-30 p.m.

PRESS CONFERENCE ON THE NATIONAL ART CENTRE: Nagesh Yawalkar will explain aims and objects at Yawalkar Studio, Motabhoy Mansion, Opposite Oval Maidan, 5-30 p.m.

MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS COMMITTEE MEETING at Corporation Hall 3-30 p.m.

THE HEADMASTERS' ASSOCIATION AND THE NEW EDUCATION FELLOWSHIP, a public lecture by Mr. Walter Harris on "Education" at 6 p.m. at the New Era School, Hughes Road, Bombay 7.

### Pandit Nehru To Address Children's Gathering In City

BOMBAY, Monday.

Prime Minister Pandit Nehru who is expected in Bombay in the first week of November, will address a gathering of children on the occasion of the silver jubilee celebrations of the Balkan-ji-Bari commencing from Oct. 28.

The Prime Minister will attend a variety entertainment at Bharatiya Vidya Bhavan the same night and will address All-India workers of the Balkan-ji-Bari the next day.

### Booklet On Drugs Control

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The Government of Bombay has issued a correction slip to the booklet "The Bombay Drugs Control Order, 1949, with a comprehensive schedule corrected up to the 30th May, 1950." Copies of the correction slip can be obtained from the Manager, Government Book Depot, Charni Road, Bombay.


2 DAYS MORE
and the grandest spectacle of all time will be presented before you!
M-G-M'S FABULOUS ENTERTAINMENT
ANNIE GET YOUR GUN
IN TECHNICOLOR
FRIDAY—METRO
At No Increase in Prices.
BOOK EARLY.



People's Verdict—
UNIQUE FOR ITS Magical MUSIC!
SUNNY ART'S
BABUL

Direction:— SUNNY Produced & Music by— NAUSHAD
LAMINGTON
3-30, 6-30, 9-30. Sunday 12-30.
Adv. 10 to 11-30; 4-30 to 6.
EXCELSIOR
Daily: 3-30, 6-30, 9-30.
(Adv. 9-30 to 1; 2 to 7.)
CHITRA-KISMET
Daily: 3-30, 6-30, 9-15. Sat., Sun. 12-30.
(Adv. 4 to 6.)
*(A Tarachand Release).*


# THREE MONTHS FOR CHEATING

## 'Dud' Cheque To Contractor

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

**DINKERRAO K. CHAPNEKAR, who was charged with cheating in connection with payment of contract bills in connection with the M. L. Dahanukar Birthday Celebrations, was today convicted by Mr. B. D. Belvi, Presidency Magistrate, Girgaum Court, and sentenced to three months' R.I. and a fine of Rs. 1,000, or in default three months further R.I.**

The accused, along with Prabhakar Masurekar, instructed the firm of Messrs. Hoosein N. Nathoo and Company to erect a pandal at Shivaji Park for the celebration of the 61st birthday of Mr. M. L. Dahanukar, a former Sheriff of Bombay. Chapnekar was the Chairman of the Celebration Managing Committee, the ex-sheriff was his brother-in-law.

The celebrations were to extend over a fortnight beginning from December 14, 1949, and the names of several notables including Mr. S. K. Patil, Mayor of Bombay, were associated with it. The firm of pandal contractors was entrusted with the erection of the pandal which was to accommodate 4,000 persons and to make all provision for seating. The amount for the work was settled at Rs. 18,500.

The accused is alleged to have given the firm, some time after the deal had been settled, a cheque on the Shamrao Vithal Co-operative Bank for the sum of Rs. 1001 this being part payment of the total amount. When the work had been completed he gave another cheque for Rs. 7500 to the complainant. The latter cheque was post-dated. Both cheques were dishonoured on presentation to the bank, the accused having in his account barely Rs. 50.

The complainant stated in court that he had agreed to undertake the work of constructing the pandal as the names of several well-known persons were mentioned in connection with the celebrations.

DAHANUKAR'S EVIDENCE

Taking the witness stand, Mr. M. L. Dahanukar, in whose honour the celebrations were to be held, denied having agreed to bear part of the expenses. Other witnesses deposed that the expenses were to be paid from public contributions and from funds collected from dramas, concerts and entertainment programmes.

It was argued on behalf of the accused that he believed that the celebrations would be a financial success and that the entertainment programme would yield a handsome income. Accused moreover did not make any false representations to the complainant.

In convicting the accused, His Worship held that the complainant had carried out the work entrusted to him because he believed the bona fides of the accused and did not doubt the validity of the cheques given to him, even accepting the second cheque believing that it would be honoured.

Accused Chapnekar, the Magistrate contended, appeared to be a man of straw masquerading under the pompous designation of Principal of the Institute of Auto Technology. He had told the complainant that he was associated with well-known figures in the city. This was nothing more than cheating. Furthermore the evidence of other witnesses showed that the Managing Committee of the Celebrations was a very dubious affair and that Chapnekar was everybody on it. Accused was the brother-in-law of Mr. M. L. Dahanukar and he could therefore find it easy to make the public believe that that he was a wealthy man. The conduct of the accused was dishonest from the beginning.

The Magistrate accordingly sentenced him. Accused II was discharged.

In similar complaints lodged by an advertising agency involving the sum of Rs. 3,045 and by an electrical firm over the sum of Rs. 2,500 the accused was discharged, and the complainants referred to the appropriate civil courts for recovery of their claims, as both the latter parties expected their dues to be paid from the collections from entertainment programmes planned by the accused, which probably might have been a success had the programme not been abandoned.

### ASSAM BALL

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The Variety Entertainments Committee of the Mayor's Assam Earthquake Relief Committee has organized a dance in the Ball Room of the Taj Mahal Hotel on Monday November 6, from 8 p.m. to midnight in aid of the Mayor's Assam Earthquake Relief Fund. It will be known as the Assam Ball.

Tickets are priced at Rs. 15/- each and will be available at Taj Mahal Hotel, the several leading clubs in the City. Mrs. Tarabai Maneklal Premchand, Mrs. Jer H. Mehta and Mr. Homi J. H. Taleyarkhan. Besides ball room dancing, there will be attractive Indian and Western Cabaret Items.


LOVE that FLEW AWAY
—ONLY TO FLY BACK AGAIN
NOBLE ART Productions
BIRHA-KI-RAAT
NARGIS, DEV ANAND, SNEHPRABHA PRADHAN,
OM PRAKASH, CUCKOO, G. JAGIRDAR
Director: G. JAGIRDAR
Music: HUSANLAL BHAGATRAM
NEXT CHANGE at
NOVELTY
and 7 other Theatres
A 'SELECT' Release


## Widespread Rain In Peninsula

### ALL-INDIA WEATHER

POONA, Oct. 17 (PTI): The following is the daily weather summary for Tuesday, 17 October, 1950:—

A depression has formed in the southwest Bay of Bengal with its centre this morning about 150 miles south east of Madras; it is likely to intensify and move northwestwards initially. Under its influence, rainfall has been widespread in the peninsula south of latitude 16 degrees N. with locally heavy falls along the east coast between Ellore and Cuddalore.

FORECAST VALID UNTIL WEDNESDAY EVENING: Rainfall will be widespread in the Madras State, Travancore-Chchin, Mysore and south Hyderabad. There will be local rain in north Hyderabad, south Deccan (Desh) the Orissa coast and the south Konkan. A few showers are also likely in north east Assam, Gangetic West Bengal and south Madhya Pradesh.

HEAVY RAINFALL WARNING: Locally very heavy rain is likely in the northern districts of Tamilnad, in coastal Andhredesa, Rayalseema and the adjoining districts of Mysore during the next 48 hours.

The following is the daily weather chart:

Ahmedabad 97 67 0 0 minus 0.1, Allahabad 95 65 0 0 minus 1.6, Bangalore 77 66 0.2 7.3 plus 3.1, Baroda 98 70 0 0 minus 0.8, Belgaum 82 64 0 3.2 plus 5.1, BOBMBAY 92 77 0 0 1.4 minus 0.1, Calcutta 93 74 0 4.4 plus 1.1, Delhi 92 63 0 0 minus 0.3, Hyderabad (Dn.) 89 68 0 2.1 plus 0.7, Lucknow 94 63 0 0.1 minus 0.9, Madras 77 73 3.1 5.6 plus 0.5, Mahabaleshwar 76 61 0 8.2 plus 3.9, Mysore 82 68 0 2.7 minus 1.9, Nagpur 91 62 0 0.5 minus 0.6, Patna 92 73 0 0 minus 1.7, Poona 90 62 0 2.8 plus 0.8, Sholapur 89 65 0 3.0 plus 1.1, Simla 64 51 0 0.3 minus 0.7, Surat 98 75 0 0,

### Heavy Rain In Madras

MADRAS, Oct. 17 (PTI): The Meteorologist of the Forecast minus 0.8 Station, Madras, said today that the north-east monsoon had set in along the Coromandael coast and had been particularly active in Chingleput and Nellore districts.

Fairly widespread rain has been reported elsewhere in the Madras region.

The Traffic Manager of the Madras Port told PTI that the steamers in the port cease to function from 8 p.m. yesterday till 12 noon today due to heavy rains.

### Assam Relief Fund

NEW DELHI, Oct 17: Contributions received from October 10 to 15, 1950, in response to Prime Minister's appeal for funds for relief of victims of the earthquake in Assam total Rs 4,64,421-8-3.

## TODAY'S RADIO

WEDNESDAY, OCT. 18.
AIR NEWS FROM DELHI

Bengali 7-30 a.m., 2-50 p.m., 7-30. English 8 a.m., 1-30 p.m., 6, 9. Gujarati 8-45 a.m., 7-45, 3-15. Hindi 8-15 a.m., 1-40 p.m. Malayalam 7-30 a.m., 7-30 p.m. Marathi 8-30 a.m., 12-50 p.m. Oriya 7-15 a.m., 1-10 p.m., 7-15, 8-15 p.m.. Tamil 7-15 a.m., 2 p.m., 7-15. Telugu 7 a.m., 1-50 p.m., 7. Urdu 9 a.m., 8 p.m.

BOMBAY

7-30 a.m. Mangal Prabhat, 7-40 Programme Summary. 7-45 Hindi By Radio. 8-15 Mohan Chikramane, Khayal. 1-10 P.M. As in Bombay B. 1-40 Out of the Box. 4-30 School Broadcast. 5-30 R. N. Bandekar, Khayal. 5-45 S. V. Patwardhan, Jaltarang. 6-10 Tarabai Shete, Khayal. 6-30 Gopalbhai Patel, L. G. song. 6-45 R. N. Bandekar, Vocal Music. 7-10 Local Announcements. 7-20 Compositions of Sunderji Betai. 7-30 Gopalbhai Patel, L. G. songs. 7-45 For Industrial Workers. 8-30 Topic of the Day. 8-40 Music Interlude. 8-45 Bombay Radio Orchestra. 9-15 Tarabai Shete, Khayal. 9-30 Melody Trio. 9-45 "The Week in Retrospect" by M. V. Mathew. 10 Melody Trio.

VARIATIONS: 7-30 a.m. Mangal Prabhat. 7-40 As in Bombay A. 8-0 S. V. Patwardhan, Jaltarang. 8-45 Nalini Barwe, L. M. songs. 12-45 p.m. Tantrakari. 1 Mishra Sangeet. 1-50 Rangbhoomi. 5-30 As in Bombay A. 6 Manikrao Raichurkar, Kannad Bhajans. 6-20 For the Villagers (Marathi). 6-50 For the Villagers (Kannada) 7-30 Commercial News. 8-15 Hindi By Radio. 8-30 Pournimechya Aaspaas. 9 Pad and Bhavgeet. 9-30 Songs from Films. 9-45 Ratnakant Ramnathkar, Jaltarang. 10 Mohan Chikramane, Khayal.

BARODA

8-15 a.m. Gujarathi Bhajano. 8-30 K. N. Ainapure. 6-20 p.m. K. N. Ainapure, Sitar. 6-30 Programme for Rural Listeners. 7 Lessons in Hindi. 8 Songs from Films. 8-10 Locals 8-30 Hindi Songs. 9-15 Ainapure, Sitar. 9-30 Vishana Vavetar. 9-45 Leela Parikh and Party, G. Garbas.

AHMEDABAD

8-15 a.m. Dahyabhai Panchal, G. Songs. 8-30 Vividhya. 6-20 P.M. As in Baroda. 6-30 Haribala Dave, G. Songs. 6-45 Geet Sudha. 7 Hindi Lessons. 7-15 As in Baroda. 7-30 Majoor Bhaio Mate. 8 Sthanik Samachar. 8-5 Dahyabhai Panchal, Bhajans. 8-30 Haribala Dave, Bhajan. 8-45 Dahyabhai Panchal, Bhajans. 9-15 Anek Vidh. 9-30 As in Baroda.

## *ALUMINIUM INDUSTRY*

### *Protection Must Be Steady, Say Dr. Dey*

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The objective of protection must be steady, even if not rapid development of the aluminium industry on sound and economic lines, with a definite prospect of the industry's becoming progressively independent of protection and being able to dispense with it within a reasonable time, observed Dr. H. L. Dey, President, Indian Tariff Board, in Bombay today while opening the public inquiry into the claim of the industry for protection.

Dr. B. V. Narayanaswami Naidu and Mr. B. N. Adarkar, Members of the Board, were also present. A number of representatives of the industry attended.

The indigenous aluminium industry, begun and developed during the war with the assistance of the Government of India, was granted protection for a period of three years, ending May 14, 1952, by means of protective duties combined with subsides to producers of virgin aluminium from indigenous bauxite. Representations made by producers alleged inadequacy of the measure of protection afforded, and as a result largely of new factors which have arisen since the interim Tariff Board reported in June, 1946, the Government of India requested the Board to re-examine the scheme of protection at the expiry of one year from the date from which it came into force, namely, May 15, 1949. The present inquiry is concerned with the progress of the industry in the last four or five years, examination of its difficulties in increasing production and effecting a reduction in costs, and formulation of plans for its future development on sound lines.

After referring to the circumstances that had led to the scheme of protection recommended by the Tariff Board in 1946 and subsequently announced by Government in May, 1949, the President briefly reviewed the condition of the industry since the last tariff inquiry. The main "bottleneck" in expansion of production in the case of the two primary producers (the Indian Aluminium Company and the Aluminium Corporation of India), Dr. Dey stated, was lack of an adequate supply of power. The two concerns had, under the existing scheme of protection and subsidy, claimed a subsidy of Rs. 14.36 lakhs for 1949-50.

Describing the structure of the indigenous aluminium industry, Dr. Dey stated that, besides the two primary producers who had their own rolling mills, there were about 20 units engaged in the rolling of ingots into sheets and circles, the important centres being Bombay and Calcutta.

### *HIGH COURT JUDGMENT SEQUEL*

## *Nationalisation Of Road Transport Not Affected*

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

**THE decision of the Bombay High Court declaring the State Road Transportation Corporation an illegal body does not mean the winding up of their programme of nationalisation of road transport in the State, a highly competent official authority revealed today.**

The State Transport automatically will be run by the Provincial Motor Transport Controller, instead of the Corporation, as was done before the creation of the statutory body, the source added.

All the bus services on the 80 routes, which have been nationalised, were functioning normally, enquiries revealed.

The Chief Secretary to the Government Mr. M. D. Bhat, the Home Secretary Mr. Dehejia, the Secretary, Legal Department and Legal Rembrancer Mr. Laud, and the Provincial Motor Transport Controller and Vice-President of the Corporation Mr. D. D. Sathe were immediately summoned by the Home Minister Mr. Morarji Desai, to Poona this morning to discuss and study the full implications of the High Court judgment. The next move on the part of the Government in the light of the High Court judgment will be taken at these high-level talks.

Meanwhile, an official source revealed in Bombay today that the judgment did not abrogate the authority of the Provincial Motor Transport Controller in running the services on behalf of the Government. The services functioned under him before the creation of the Corporation on December 8 1949, and so "the status ante quo will be maintained" according to the same source. It will function as a Government Department as before.

It was also revealed that a Central Bill authorising the States to nationalise road transport within their respective jurisdictions, was already on the anvil and will most probably become law during the forthcoming session of the Parliament.

### STAY APPLICATION ADMITTED

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

On a petition made by Mr. Pirojshah B. Bhathena, a silk merchant, praying for the stay of a criminal complaint filed against him and his brother by Mrs. Homai N. Bhesania, the Division Bench of the High Court consisting of Mr. Justice Rjaadhyaksha and Mr. Justice Chainani issued a rule against Mrs. Bhesania to show cause why her complaint should not be stayed pending the hearing and final disposal of a suit filed by the petitioner against her and her father Nadirsha.

The facts of the case in brief were that on May 3, 1950, Mrs. Bhesania filed a complaint against the petitioner and his brother Dastur Maneckji charging them with criminal breach of trust in respect of certain sums deposited with the petitioner by Mrs. Bhesania's mother, the late Mrs. Hirabai.

The petitioner submitted that as Mrs. Bhesania's father also claimed the amounts, which he admitted to have been deposited with him, he filed an interpleader suit against both and showed his willingness to hand over the money to whomsoever the Court would order. The petitioner further submitted that neither he nor his brother were personally interested in the said money and as the issues in the complaint and the suit were much the same the complaint might be stayed till the disposal of the suit filed by him. Their Lordships admitted the application and ordered as above.

Mr. Phiroze R. Vakil instructed by Messrs. Mulla and Mulla appeared for the petitioner.

COMILLA, (E. Pakistan), Oct. 17 (UPI): The District authorities have issued directions to the Presidents of Union Boards to see that the Hindu community performs the Durga Puja peacefully.


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## The Pulse Of The City

SWEEP: The General Branch of the Bombay Police on Monday raided a spacious and luxuriously furnished bungalow at Versova and arrested four men described as members of a gang of cheats. Their 'modus operandi', it is stated, was to insert an advertisement in the papers offering to buy movable and immovable property. After scrutinising the replies, one of them acting as the Dalal, would contact the most likely person and decoy him to the bungalow at Versova beach where, one of the gang would pose as the Seth, another as the Manager or Secretary, etc.

After a few visits the person would be induced to indulge in a bit of gambling, with cowries or red beads allowed to win a few games, but later, playing at higher stakes, made to part with several thousand rupees by resorting to sleight of hand. The police, producing the men, Umar Mohamed Patel, Abdul Majid Gulam Mohamed, Abdul Hamid Gulam Mohamed and Badalchand Bishvas, before Mr. R. S. Parikh, Presidency Magistrate at the Esplanade Court on Tuesday stated that they had received many complaints from victims, adding that the whole racket was organised in a scientific manner, the men having hideouts at Bandra, Khar and Andheri. The suspects were allowed bail.

FREE FIGHT: Four persons were injured as the result of a free fight between two rival factions, in a teastall at Palton Road on Monday evening. One of the injured is in hospital. The police have arrested five persons in connection with the fight in which stones and soda-water bottles were alleged to have been used freely.

CONGRESSMAN ARRESTED: N. N. Raut, a Congressman and one of the Secretaries of the Mahatma Gandhi National Memorial Fund, Kurla, was arrested on Sunday for alleged breach of trust in respect of Rs. 11, contributed by a tobacco merchant. Instead of crediting the amount to the fund, the suspect is alleged to have misappropriated it. A similar case involving Rs. 308, it is stated, is pending against Raut since July.

CHEATING: D. M. Dorabji was arrested on Monday for alleged criminal breach of trust in respect of Rs. 10,000 which he is stated to have taken from Chandrakant D. Parikh of Surat under the false pretext that he would get the latter appointed as an agent of Messrs. S. Gordon, Eastern Agency Ltd. G. N. Joshi, an alleged accomplice of the accused is still at large.

STOLEN: The City Police are on the track of stolen gold and silver watches and diamond-studded ornaments valued at Rs. 40,000. They have so far recovered only Rs. 1,500-worth of articles. Pukhraj Nihalchand, a Marwari shopkeeper and Jethalal Krishnaji and Sakalchand Wardimal have been arrested in this connection. The second and third are alleged to have offered to sell to the first, gold and salver watches and diamond ornaments together valued at Rs. 40,000.

POSE: Tukaram Govind who is alleged to have posed as a police constable and extorted Rs. 2-15 from a person on the pretext that he would let the latter off for some alleged crime, was arrested by the Nagpada police on Tuesday. He was produced at the Mazagon Court, when he was allowed bail.

UNLUCKY NUMBER: Kamruddin Gulam Mohamed was convicted and sentenced to 18 months' rigorous imprisonment by the Presidency Magistrate at Ballard Pier Court for attempting to pick the pocket of a person which contained Rs. 13 (the traditionally unlucky number).

UNIDENTIFIED: Two dead bodies with knife wounds were found in the city on Tuesday morning, one at Tulsi Pipe Road (near the Raghuvanshi Mills) and the other on a playground at Mahaluxmi. They were removed to the morgue and are still unidentified.

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The Bombay Chronicle

# A QUESTION OF FOREIGN POLICY

In his press conference on India's foreign policy, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru explained his attitude towards the crossing of the 38th Parallel by U.N. forces. He said, "We did not rule out the crossing of the 38th Parallel. We said that the time has, as a time would come in any war when the enemy morale is broken, that we should seize the psychological moment and get peace on satisfactory terms. The terms we agree on. They are a united independent Korea and free elections under the auspices of the United Nations. It means that the United Nations authority extends for the purpose of free elections to North Korea. We feel that, if the psychological moment was seized for peace, it might yield substantial results and the United Nations might have achieved their objective. It is worth while trying it." As the Prime Minister put it, there is no difference in objective between India and the nations of the United Nations which voted for carrying on military operations beyond the 38th Parallel. The only issue is that of the Prime Minister's belief that after the repelling of the North Koreans from territory south of the 38th Parallel, the psychological moment to establish peace had come.

To a great extent, circumstances go to suggest that the only basis for this belief is optimism. There has been a great deal to show that by stopping at the 38th Parallel, U.N. forces would have postponed to an indefinite date the rise of a united, independent Korea and have given an opportunity for the repetition of the conditions that existed before the aggression of the North Koreans. It would be unwise to overlook the fact that at no time in the past two years has Korea been free from incidents round the 38th Parallel, any one of which might have flared up into aggression. Moreover, during the action to repel the aggressors, U.N. military operations extend beyond the 38th Parallel were not unknown. It is difficult to convince a person that what he regards as "the psychological moment for peace" might in historical retrospect turn out to be breathing-space for the aggressor. In the lesser sphere of internal politics, we have had several instances of what seemed the opportune time for peace negotiations proving just the wrong time to initiate compromise moves.

In the circumstances, one is chary of relying on what, after all, is a matter of instinct rather than judgment. On the other hand, if motives were not being irresponsibly attributed to India and an attitude of supercilious patronage not adopted, it would be more possible for Indians to appreciate that the U.S.A. which has with commendable promptness set about implementing the U.N. decisions on Korea, might justifiably regard any pulling back now as an act of leaving the work half-finished and of creating further problems of greater intensity. This feeling will be intensified rather than mitigated by assertions like the one made by the Prime Minister that India has no desire, and no capacity, to play the policeman in other parts of the world.

Not irrelevant to this subject is Pandit Jawaharlal's opposition to the proposal to create separate armed forces on behalf of the U.N. in each country. Unless the United Nations has at its call some force, its decisions must necessarily be halting and weak. There is the possibility, of course, that the U.N. military arm will become another Atlantic power combine. On the other hand, if countries like India persist in keeping out of any commitment and plead an anxiety to avoid the policeman's role, this development will be facilitated. Certainly, it does not become nations which hold back from the implementing of U.N. resolutions which they have supported in principle, to attempt restraining those who would make the U.N. into an active and effective striking force against aggressors. We do not say that there are no dangers in the move but the dangers have to be faced and no useful purpose can be served by anyone crying down the very suggestion as soon as it is made.

# Government's Control Policy

There exists sharp difference over the continuation of controls in this country. The Nasik Congress Session favoured controls by a majority vote but the opposition was not altogether small and can not be neglected. Controls were the legacy of the last Government and they were introduced during the war. But our national Government, instead of decontrolling several items, have been increasing them and also making them rigid. These controls are continuing owing to scarcity of goods and with a view to check the upward trend in price and to secure proper distribution. But the actual experience in the past three years does not justify the continuation in the present form.

There is no increase of production in this country which ultimately can remove the state of scarcity. As compared with 1945, our present production of cloth shows a progressive decrease. There is not enough sugar in this country to meet the requirements of masses. In spite of high hopes of attaining self-sufficiency in food grains, we are compelled to import huge quantities of wheat, rice and milo from foreign countries. The combined effect of all these factors is that the index number of the cost of living which is now 490, is the highest on record and is four times what it was in 1939.

Not only this, but the extra cost of the control machinery to the Government, manufacturers and traders amounts to several millions. At the same time, there is a colossal waste of human labour involved in securing requirements at fixed prices from rationed shops. To add to these hardships, black markets, hoarding and profiteering thrive, and the Government has been compelled to assume more powers to check anti-social activities and corruption. The inefficiency of the control machinery is bitterly complained of and lack of transport facilities hamper progress. With such results, naturally the opposition to the continuation of controls is increasing. Those who are against them honestly believe that, unless we work hard and produce more, it is impossible to ease the situation. The law of supply and demand cannot be solved by paper theories. It is true that controls have a legitimate place when a country is facing an emergency like war or any upheaval or famine out in this country it seems that we are going to have these controls for a number of years.

It is true that our Government, when it came into power, had to face the Himalayan problem of refugees and to build up a good defence force. It had also to liquidate small states and build up a republican secular democratic country. Thus politically India has achieved solid progress but on the economic front there is a progressive deterioration. We can not shut our eyes to the developing economic situation. We can not depend always on foreign countries for our essential articles. The Government has appointed a planning Commission and we can expect some results from it. But, after all, this commission will devote its attention more to theoritical matters. Thus we have to be realistic and seek co-operation and help from these who have long experience of trade and industry. They are the people who have a correct grasp of the situation and they know also the art of increasing production. But so far the Government has looked upon them with some distrust. The Government in their anxiety to create a peaceful atmosphere have enacted various laws which have chilled public enthusiasm and the industrial progress has taken a retrograde trend. Recently Shri Shantilal Mangaldas, the President of the Saurashtra mill association, observed that as long as controls continue there will be no decline in the general price level. If the Government wishes to lower down the price level, let economic forces play their own part. This will lead to an increase in production. There is some truth in this statement. We cannot favour the total removal of controls but by stages they must be relaxed. In this connection, we could state that last year there was a great scarcity of raw cotton in this country and it was almost impossible to secure any cotton at the controlled price. The Government was under the false apprehension that by fixing ceiling price for raw cotton our mills will be able to secure their requirements of raw cotton. But there being an acute shortage, several mills indulged in buying kapas at abnormally high prices much above the ceiling price fixed by the Government. If the Government had by some device fixed the price of kapas, the mills would not have been tempted to pay a higher price for their purchases of kapas. We do not support the action of the mills in buying kapas but at the same time does it not prove that the price fixed for cloth was so remunarative that mills did not hesitate to pay these prices? This shows that the textile control had no practical knowledge of the industry and did not fix any price for kapas. Such inefficiency and many others are mainly responsible for the general feeling which prevails in the country against the continuation of controls. Controls are absolutely necessary, particularly for essential requirements, but the entire machinery must be simple and efficient so as to promote production and ensure economic freedom in due course. Without hard work, we cannot increase production and without increase in production there can be no reduction in the price level. Until such a state is achieved, controls will have to stay in the interest of masses.

# Tete-à-Tete

**WITHOUT COMMENT**

**U. N. forces in Korea are using fire bombs which will melt half a tank with a direct hit and kill all the crew with a near miss, a British Government Minister said in London today. Mr. Ridan Grawley, Under-Secretary for Air who returned from a 17-day tour of the Far East yesterday. said that these "napalm" (jellied petroleum) bombs were measured by the gallon, and that 700,000 gallons of them had been dropped on North Korean forces.**

* * *

Explaining the reasons for choosing Congress Committee Presidents for the Working Committee Shri Purushottamdas Tandon told pressmen he wanted to have in his committee those Congressmen who represented "Congress trends" in their provinces.

Also Cogress conflicts.

* * *

As regards rooting out corruption, Shri Tandon said, the report quotes, that the taking of executive steps depended on Government and it was not in his hands.

What, is Government intended by Tandonji to take executive steps against Congressmen and Congress Committees as well?

* * *

Said Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru at his press conference: "The Nasik Congress has laid down or confirmed certain policies which obviously applied to Government in so far as they concerned Government".

Said Shri Tandon at his press conference that it was the duty of every Congressman to carry out the mandate of the Nasik Congress but he emphasised that Government had also to act in the spirit of those resolutions and implement a good deal of them

The mutual difference in emphasis need not, we hope, be taken as — well, shall we say. "Congress trends"?

* * *

A deputation of the Bombay Mill Mazdoor Subha, it is stated, will visit Shri Morarji Desai at Poona and will call upon the Home Minister to advise the Bombay Millowners' Association not to victimise the mill operatives who had been on strike.

Suppose the Home Minister retorted that he was not allowed to advise the Mill Mazdoor Sabha not to victimise the country's production?

* * *

CALCUTTA, October 16: During the past 24 hours, 7,836 Hindus and 2,396 Muslims arrived in West Bengal from Eastern Pakistan by mail and 12,784 Hindus and 3,047 Muslims left.

What a rude compliment to Mr. J. N. Mandal!

* * *

**CONGRESS EXECUTIVE: NEW TEAM**

**19 Men and A Woman**

One too many: one two many.

* * *

M. Guy Mollet, Secretary-General of the French Socialist Party, said at Marseilles the other day that it seemed improbable that French would be able to beat the Viet Minh guerillas in Indo-China alone.

This sure is a wonderful discovery of the years old obvious.

## RESCUED FROM POVERTY AND SHAME

# The Bhil Lives A New Life

## A SAGA OF SERVICE

*It was a happy day when the services of Thakkar Bapa were requisitioned for famine-relief work in Dahod-Zalod Mahals, way back in 1918-19 when Gujarat reeled under the blows of nature. Thakkar Bapa took up the work provisionally for three months, but made the uplift of the Bhil his life's mission when he came face to face with their misery. The Bhil Seva Mandal is a tribute to his indomitable courage, his selfless service and love of the down-trodden. Thanks to the work of Bapa and the Mandal, the Bhil today is able to walk up erect, and face the future with confidence. From humble beginnings the Mandal has grown up into a vast institution conducting 85 schools, 11 ashrams, 10 propaganda centres with 3,400 students and 303 resident students: its annual budget is over a lakh. Here is a resume of the work of the Bhil Seva Mandal presented on the occasion of its silver jubilee when President Rajendra Prasad, was present.*

HARASSED by the woes of famished Bhils, a race of sturdy but ignorant, illiterate and poor aborigines of the north-east tract of Gujarat, Shri Sukhdev Trivedi relinquished his service in the P.W.D. and he with Shri Indulal Yagnik started famine-relief work in Dohad-Zalad Mahals. From the efforts for famine-relief of these devoted workers, rose later the mighty edifice of the Bhil Sewa Mandal. Sukhdevbhai approached Shri N. M. Joshi of the Servants of India Society and begged for the loan of Shri A. V. Thakkar's services for three months for the famine relief work. Shri Thakkar came and opened his famine camp in a Dharma Shala at Dohad. He came for three months but what he saw and found induced him later to make Dohad his permanent home till he was called away by a greater call—the call for the service of the Harijans and the Adivasis of the country.

**A SHADOW**

His work for the uplift of the underdog of society, the famished, poor toilers of land in the Panch Mahals, forms the story of the Bhil Sewa Mandal. During his preliminary survey of the famine conditions, on the outskirts of Shankerpura, a village badly affected by famine, he once saw a shadow slipping away by him, a shadow of stark starvation and poverty. It was a skeleton of a woman with nothing to cover her shame. Bapa's eyes reeled, he shut his eyes with his hands and threw a piece of clothe from the back so that the woman could cover her naked body and come before him. This was his first baptism in what he made his life-mission and toiled day and night to lift by hand this fallen, oppressed and exploited humanity.

In 1921-22 Dohad-Zalod were again overtaken by a dire famine and Thakkar Bapa who continued his relief work and tried to popularise the use of the spinning wheel as a measure of relief, thought it advisable to convert his relief camp into a permanent organisation and christianed it as Bhil Sewa Mandal. It was in December of 1922.

By a happy chance three enthusiastic youngman, Shrikant, Vanikkar and Vaidya were attracted to serve the cause of Bhils, and have carried on the work ever since.

Bapa did not confine himself to Panch Mahals only but widened his field of work even to the neighbouring state of Devgarh Baria where he had once a bitter experience of the state officialdom; but which later helped him in consolidating his work. Social and economic uplift apart, Bapa believed in the spread of education and literacy among the Bhils if they were to be freed from life-long serfdom and he had soon another school opened at Rosam 9 miles away from Dohad, the Andamans of the Panch Mahals. An Ashram was started under Laxmidas Shrikant at Zalod, 21 miles away from Dohad. It was in 1923. Shri Ambalal Vyas, a graduate of the Gujarat Vidyapith and a resident of this district later took over from Laxmidas to develop it. It was just about this time that in the neighbouring state of Vansvada, a purification movement was started by Guru Govind, the priest of the Vanzare and thousands of Bhils soon came under his spell. This helped Bapa's work a deal and made it easier. Guru Govind was arrested as a political agitator and on his release he was given shelter in Zalod Ashram. His Bhil disciples gave up drinking and thus help themselves in their own amelioration. Mirakhadi Rashtriya School was under Gandhi's advice soon handed over to the Bhil Sewa Mandal, the Gujarat Provincial Congress Committee undertaking to contribute three-fourths of the expenditure. Thus spread a fine net-work of social and educational centres all over the area and the Bhil Sewa Mandal gradually grew in stature and size.

**OFFICIAL WRATH**

But the growing activities amongst the Bhils invited unpleasantness and the wrath of the then Government. Officials began to look with suspicion upon the work of the Mandal and even Bapa's reputation as a "Servant of India" and a follower of the Rt. Hon. Srinivas Shastri did not save him from the suspicious look of the Government. Workers of the Mandal soon found themselves involved in false cases against them and had to face litigation. But this did not daunt them. The ever inspiring and heartening support of Bapa was behind them. Bapa mutely, yet patiently, suffered this onslaught on his reputation. He did not, because of this, shrink from taking the help of political workers of Gujarat in his work. Sardar Patel was invited to preside over the anniversary celebrations of the Miraknadi Ashram in 1925 and the Ashram has since then been named after the great Sardar.

**Bapa was not satisfied with his work in this restricted area. His yearning and quest for knowledge of conditions of other tribes such as Santhals, Gonds, Khasis, Nagas, Orias and others inhabiting the other parts of the country soon took him on a tour of Assam, Behar and Chhota Nagpur and during his absence, he left the Mandal to the care of Shrikant for three months.**

**"RAM MANDIR" BUILT**

The historic Dandi March of Mahatmaji drew many Bhil workers into the national movement and the work of the Mandal suffered a little.

When the struggle ended, the workers saw that the Bhils had imbibed a new spirits, and a Bhil conference under the presidentship of Shri Mavlankar was organised. This conference sent round a wave of unbounded enthusiasm among the Bhils. The Dohad office was removed to another building and the premises were turned into an Ashram for students who had passed their vernacular final from the Mandal's different schools.

**BAPA ARRESTED**

In 1932 again the workers including their Bapa were arrested and the Ashram was confiscated by the Government. The work suffered a setback, and the Mandal was overtaken by storm. But the clouds passed off.

The Ashram resumed their work, sent out students to the Charotar society for higher education, to technical schools outside and opened a weaving centre at Mirakhadi. This was the second stage in the making of the Bhil. Arrangements were made to send Bhil girls to Vanita Vishram for further studies, awarding them liberal scholarships. The Mandal to-day delights in its having given to the district some of the best Bhil workers, a sturdy, healthy race of reborn citizens.

The year 1936 again saw the failure of monsoon and the Mandal had once again to bear the burden of relief work. The Gujarat Provincial Congress Committee this time helped the Mandal a deal.

The twelfth anniversary was celebrated at Zalod, when Dr. Chandulal, the well-known social worker of Gujarat presided over the function. On this occasion the Mandal received a liberal donation of Rs. 2,500 from Mrs. Lilavati Khandvala in memory of her husband Major Khandwala, which helped the Mandal to have buildings for a Bhil Dharmashala and a library Sardar Vallabhbhai presided over the 13th anniversary; and Bapa's absence was partially compensated by the encouragement the Mandal had from these mighty men of Gujarat. The Mandal hitherto was without a per-

(Continued on Page 5)

# OUR READERS' VIEWS

## Advice To Workers

Workers and their leaders will do well to bear the advice given by Shri S. K. Patil when he addressed a meeting of Textile workers at Ghorupdeo during the week-end. Shri Patil told that the working class in a country formed the backbone of the very life of that country-social, political and economic and as such a Government whatever party it may belong to has to depend on its co-operation. Today, the oppositions are trying to make a capital of the strike weapon by using it at any time. Usually, the working class is misguided by the opportunists who reap harvest by giving scores of assurances to the workers.

It is time, therefore, that every worker of this country keeps himself aloof from the mischivous machination of opportunist elements. If workers close up their ranks and consolidate themselves surely they will not only render service to the country and its Government, but also do good to themselves. The economic wellbeing of a class is knit with that of the whole country, and in this direction, nothing can be achieved by resorting to strike in an indiscreet manner, but by increasing the productive capacity of the people.

—P. M. RAJEE

## Saving Tandon!

I inquired of an Ex-minister and a member of P.C.C. and A.I.C.C. as to the reason why this year they voted for Shri Tandon whereas last year they convassed against him. I was anxious to know the cause for the attitude though Shri Tandon has continued to hold the same view as before.

The response which I received from the said Ex-minister was a surprise. Their change of policy was dictated it was stated, by the fear that Shri Tandon if he is again defeated, might become a communalist. In other words they wanted to save Shri Tandon from becoming a communalist.

This statement coming as it does from an Ex-minister and a member of P.C.C. and A.I.C.C., undoubtedly carries great weight and importance and in his reply, he has identified himself with his party and spoke as if he were the spokesman of this patry. I may therefore, take his statement as the policy of the Rajasthan Congress Party. I shall be delighted if the other P.C.C. members of Rajasthan would kindly threw some light on this statement, because they had voted en masse for Shri Tandon and thereby lent full support to the policy underlined in this statement.

—G. R. MALHOTRA

## For A Worthy Cause

The news that appeared in your columns that a certain anonymous person has donated Rs. one lakh to the Kanara College Society is certainly heartening. The gift would go a long way in fostering an institution which richly deserves any and every help.

The anonymous personality, I am sure, will be looked upon gratefully by many a generation of students of that otherwise backward district. One hopes that the example will be emulated by many well-to-do persons.

—U. K. BHAT

# FRANKLY SPEAKING

### How To Sit Down?

"A letter from a young woman reminds us of the difficulties attendant upon finding a seat in busy cafes" writes the MANCHESTER GUARDIAN. "Ever since the day, she says, when she asked, 'Is this seat engaged?' and had the answer, 'Not even courting, that I know of, lass,' she has tried to think of some way to circumvent the humour of the average kindly male (from which young women do, undoubtedly, suffer very much). But there is hardly any opening that does not offer him some scope: 'Is this seat free?'—'Does this chair belong to anyone?'—worst of all, of course. 'Is anybody sitting in this seat?' Yet she feels, understandably, that 'May I sit here?' has a puny, schoolgirl ring about it; and 'May I join you?' is exactly what she does not want to do. If she is very hungry she is ready to run the gauntlet; otherwise she waits until a table is free, sits down-and waits to hear what the next comer will say to her. It is hard to know how to help her-unless perhaps to recommend that she sits down heavily on vacant seats and says to the other occupants around the table, rather pugnaciously, 'So what'?"

### Break The Deadlock

Syria and Iraq have, according to a Lake Success report, made an interesting move. They have proposed a resolution asking the General Assembly to recommend to the "Big Four" that they "meet during this fifth session of the Assembly and discuss afresh the outstanding problems which threaten world peace and cripple U.N." and "report the results of their discussions and negotiations to the General Assembly not later than November 15". M. Vyshinsky had the other day proposed a "Big Five" conference which could in any case not have been held in view of the difference over the "Big Fifth". The Syria-Iraq proposal is calculated to avoid that trouble by excluding China. There is a precedant too for this, in so far as China is concerned. Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek was not invited to the Teheran Conference of the "Big Three" even though they discussed the Far East situation and took certain decisions vitally affecting China. It is, of course, one of the most compelling and inescapable facts of the present international tension that it cannot be eased to any really appreciable extent so long as Communist China is kept out of U.N. and the Security Council. But the "Big Four" meeting might help in solving the unfortunate and unreasonable deadlock over Chinese representation and thus serve to open the way to a "Big Five" tackling of the international crisis which is of their own creation.

### Crisis In Indo-China

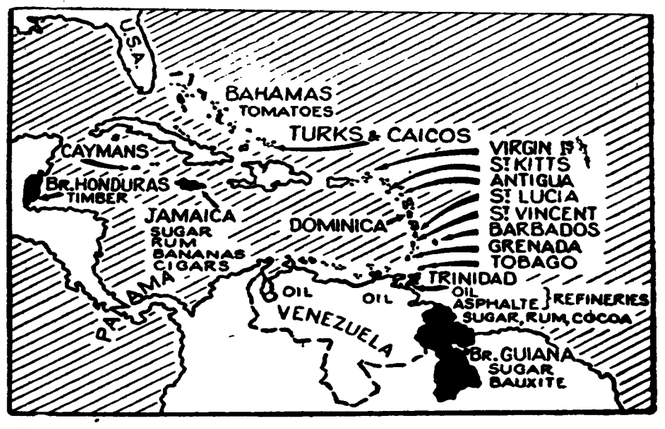
Neither the French nor their supporters and allies ever heeded Asian warnings about Indo-China. Complacent self assurance was the conspicuous characteristic of their attitude towards the problem and to those who drew attention to realities. Now they are realising what they used to ignore. But it needed literally blows to knock sense—only partial so far—into them. These blows have been so grievous and grave that they have alarmed friends of France, like the United States, and wrung significant admissions from responsible Frenchmen. The latter now acknowledge the extent and strength of the Viet Minh guerillas, go even so far as to admit that the trouble has assumed the proportions of an actual war and that France cannot hold the Viet Minh alone. And President Truman had had to include this "war" in the agenda of the important discussions with General MacArthur. Yet all this is only a partial realisation of the reality. The military crisis is no more than the expression of the political situation in Indo-China and the widespread popular discontent against the French, their policies and their proteges. So long as this is not realised a grave crisis will persist in Indo-China and may even grow worse and more threatening.

### The Muslim League

The statements made by Mr. Mohammed Ismail, President of the Indian Union Muslim League, at Calcutta in support of retention of the League were thoroughly unconvincing. The existence of the League, he asserted, was indispensable, since Muslims could protect their interests only through it. The absurdity of such an argument is self-evident. In a secular state, as India has declared herself to be, politico-communal bodies would amount to gross anachronism, when the constitution has already guaranteed equality of rights to all the minorities. Demands for justice, if ever withheld from any community or group, can be made without resorting to the antiquated method of agitation through a communal agency. Again in democracy any section of the public which is not in agreement with the majority party is at liberty to organise itself in a political party for the advancement of its aims by constitutional methods. The freedom, which democracy ensures to the people, must be appreciated in India.

### End Communal Politics

To avoid confusion it is necessary for every community—be it major or minor, to grasp the distinction between purely political organisations and political bodies organised on a communal basis and to eschew the latter, but politicians of the communal camps are still reluctant to leave the beaten truck or to move with the changing times. The Chief of the Muslim League appeared to be one of them when he expressed his feeling that there was nothing communal in retaining his organisation. We wonder why his organistaion was styled the Muslim League if there was nothing communal in it. Having failed to support his case with any solid argument, he made a ridiculous statement that the maintaining of the League was in the interests of the Government. Mr. Ismail should have amplified his statement at least to show how the League, constituted as it was, was calculated to advance the interests of the Government. He should now realise that communalism in any form is inconsistent with the concept of secularity—is antagonistic in the interests of the state and Government organised on the basis of democracy.




# WEST INDIES FIGHTING FOR BRITISH SUGAR CONTRACTS

**THE West Indies, one of the greatest sugar-producing areas in the world, are fighting for the British sugar market. There is great dissatisfaction not only among the West Indian planters but also among the workers at what is considered a move by the British Government to halt expansion in the industry by buying sugar in dollar markets.**

Britain has stated that 500,000 tons of sugar are to be bought each year in Cuba and Santo Domingo, and is unwilling to guarantee prices to the West Indies for more than 630,000 tons a year though already there is an exportable surplus of 700,000 tons annually which in a few years can be expanded to 1,000,000 tons.

The West Indies with a population now of 1,000 to a square mile, and still increasing, urge that only by the expansion of the sugar industry can a decent standard of living be provided for their people.

**DISSATISFACTION**

On Britain's present sugar consumption the Commonwealth and colonies could supply all the country's sugar needs, and there is dissatisfaction over the apparent lack of interest on the part of Britain to buying from sterling sources. In British Guiana there is great resentment over the fact that no subsidy will be paid to the local sugar growers to enable the industry to be expanded.

Whatever the outcome of the present negotiations may be there is little doubt that the attitude of the British Government in this matter has created an unfavourable impression in the West Indies which will not easily be dispelled.

Though the question of sugar was not the root cause of the recent disturbances in the British Virgin Islands when several hundred islanders demanded closer union with the American Virgin Islands it is indicative of the discontent which is growing in the West Indies generally over post-war conditions.

**SHUT DOWN**

Apart from sugar these islands produce immense tonnages of bananas which before the war were sent to Britain in large quantities. That trade has been largely shut down. The rum industry also is anxious that trade with Britain should be stimulated.

It is not impossible that all these present troubles will result in an upsurge of West Indian demand for complete self-government.

### *Thought For The Day*

**Sectarianism, bigotry, and fanaticism, have long filled the earth with violence, drenched it with human blood, destroyed human civilisation, and sent whole nations to despair. Had it not been for these horrible demons, human society would be far more advanced.**

**—VIVEKANANDA.**

# CONTROLS IMPEDING PRODUCTION DRIVE

## Establishment Of State Credit Bodies Urged

NEW DELHI, Oct. 17 (PTI).

INCOME controls and unremunerative prices, fall in productivity of labour, lack of adequate credit facilities, and shortage of vital raw materials have been listed by the Federation of Indian Chambers of Commerce and Industries as some of the chief obstacles in the way of increased production.

In a 39-page printed memorandum, "impediments in the way of increasing production", the Federation has outlined some of the problems facing about 50 industries in producing to their full installed capacity and the remedies for removing these difficulties.

In his foreword to the memorandum, Mr. Tulsidas Kilachand, President of the Federation, states that the problems and remedies are not new and the memorandum only seeks to focus the attention of those interested in increased industrial development of the country. While the role of planning in economic regeneration is "fully realised," full utilisation of installed capacity is of "equal importance," he adds.

Referring to suggestions that fall in production could be traced in certain industries to "faults in management", the Federation in its memorandum says: "It is obviously difficult to say as to how far this is correct, because it cannot be in the interest of management itself to reduce production or not to strain every nerve to maintain the highest efficiency."

**APPEAL**

The Federation, however, appeals to all concerned to consider it as their duty "to try their utmost to remove all cases of such complaint" and trusts that "the business community would rise to the occasion in the present moment of crisis."

Among the other chief obstacles against increased production given by the Federation are: delay in grant of import licences to actual users of raw materials, indeterminate relation of tariff policy with the balance of payments position, "marked preference" by certain Central and State Government departments to place orders with foreign concerns, uncertainty in regard to the role of private enterprise in the economic life of the country, existing tax-structure, and "the rather speedy pace of social legislation which acts as a serious drag on production."

**CREDIT CORPORATIONS**

Suggesting the establishment of State Finance Corporations to supplement the efforts of banking institutions in providing credit facilities to industries, the Federation says: "In order to cater to the financial requirements of industries in regard to credit for medium-term and long-term duration, a time would seem to have come when the question of providing such facilities through the existing commercial banks will have to be considered by the Reserve Bank of India which has the responsibility of advising banks regarding restrictions on loans and advances."

Sugar and Cotton textiles are given by the federation as examples of two industries in whose cases fixation of an "unremunerative price" by controls had "sapped" the manufacturers' initiative to increased production.

In regard to low productivity of labour, the Federation feels that, while the reduction in number of man-days lost in 1949 as compared to those lost in 1948 and 1947 seem to indicate that the industrial truce resolution had borne smoe fruit", the recent strike wave "originating in the strike in Bombay textile industry" threatens to belie expectations in regard to improvement in labour situation. Suggesting an enquiry into causes of low productivity by Indian labour, the Federation says that the enquiry should include replacement of the present system of bonus payment by a system of incentive bonus.

REMEDIES

The memorandum gives in detail the impediments in the way of, and remedies for, increasing production in the case of some 50 industries including the iron and steel, chemicals, the automotive, cotton textiles, jute and sugar industries.

## SET AN EXAMPLE TO THE WORLD

### Dr. Prasad's Call

SURAT, Oct. 17. (PTI): President Rajendra Prasad said here today that India could set an example to the world by achieving the goal of suraj (good government) through the Gandhian method.

The President who received addresses of welcome from the Surat Municipality and the Surat District Local Board, was speaking after unveiling a statue of Mahatma Gandhi.

The President pointed out that the history of India showed that "we never thought in terms of one country but were interested in certain parts of certain territories. Today because of the satyagraha method given by Mahatma Gandhi we have united under one Government.

We sought swaraj so that we can work independently of other countries. But Gandhiji simultaneously thought of a peaceful comity of nations. Following Gandhiji's teachings brought us freedom. If we conquer our weakness of neglecting the constructive programme and follow the path of peace suggested by him, we could construct an ideal nation in an ideal way that will inspire other nations".

**SPONTANEOUS WELCOME**

Surat gave a most spontaneous welcome to President Prasad this afternoon. From mid-day onwards women and children had thronged the main throughfare which formed the route of the President's state drive.

The crowds continuously cheered the President who acknowledged their greetings with folded hands. It took nearly an hour for the procession to cover the three-mile route.

The President told pressmen on the conclusion of his four-day tour of Gujerat today: "I have been deeply impressed by the spontaneous welcome which the people of Gujerat extended to me wherever I went. There is difference between our past tours and the present official tours. While preserving official ettiquette we have made our tours popular".

**STAMPEDE**

A number of persons were injured in a stampede at the public meeting addressed by the President in this evening.

About a lakh of people had gathered to see the unveiling ceremony of a lifelike statue of Mahatma Gandhi by the President. After the ceremony was over the crowd surged towards the dais to have a glimpse of the statue, and this caused a commotion in the gathering.

One boy was injured when a wall on which a number of people were perched to listen to Dr. Rajendra Prasad collapsed. The boy has been taken to hospital.

## SCOTT ARRIVES AT U.N. HEADQUARTERS

LAKE SUCCESS, Oct. 17 (PTI-Reuter): The Reverend Michael Scott, champion of the Herero peoples of South-West Africa has arrived at the United Nations headquarters here.

Mr. Scott said he had no difficulty with American immigration authorities though some time ago his United States visa was held up.

The question of South-West Africa is not expected to come up before the United Nations session for about three weeks.

# Imposition Of Capital Levy Not Advisable

## JAIN ASSURES REHABILITATION OF DISPLACED PERSONS

SRINAGAR, Oct. 17 (UPI).

MR. AJIT PRASAD JAIN, Central Rehabilitation Minister, who arrived in Srinagar yesterday for a six-day tour of refugee rehabilitation centres, told pressmen that he was opposed on principle to the idea of imposing a capital levy for paying compensation to the refugees for the property left behind in West Pakistan.

He added: "A rehabilitation tax as the one imposed in Pakistan or capital levy is for financial experts to consider and not for the Rehabilitation Ministry.

"In case of a capital levy we will have to consider its effects on the financial structure of the country as a whole. It will be a wrong policy to throw the entire money market into panic particularly at a time when capital is shy. Much of this cry for capital levy comes from richer sections of the refugees and its imposition will not materially benefit the poorer sections."

**NOT IN FULL**

Mr. Jain said the Government of India was now committed to paying compensation to the refugees for the property left behind in West Pakistan but this did not mean that compensation would be given to the extent of "sixteen annas in the rupee."

He expressed the hope that so far as the rehabilitation of refugees from West Pakistan was concerned it might be possible to set some sort of a time limit for the final solution of the problem in view of fact that it had now settled down to a clearcut pattern. But this could not be said of the refugee problem in West Bengal where the dimension of the problem had still to be ascertained.

**EXODUS DECREASES**

He, however, asserted that the exodus from East Pakistan had "considerably thinned down" in the past several weeks though there might have been instances where exodus increased for a brief while and then dropped down to a low scale.

He said: "I have been particularly making a study of the problem in West Bengal. In the past 5 days the number of Hindus returning from West Bengal to East Pakistan per day has been steady at one thousand on an average. If this trend is kept up I am certain the problem in West Bengal can be solved sooner than expected." So far as the housing problem was concerned he was confident that before long "every refugee will be provided with a roof over his head." The Government of India had made arrangements to give vocational technical training to 18,000 refugees yearly. Twelve thousand were now under training while 30,000 had already completed their training.

During his stay in Jammu and Kashmir, Mr. Jain will make a special study of the rehabilitation of refugees on agricultural land and visit various refugees camps. He had preliminary discussion today with Mirza Afzal Beg, Kashmir Rehabilitation Minister and Pandit Kashya Bandhu, Director General of Rural Reconstruction. He will also confer with Sheikh Abdullah, the Chief Minister.

## No Immigration Till Settlement

### TURKISH NOTE TO BULGARIA

ANKARA, Oct. 17 (PTI-Reuter).—In a note handed to the Bulgarian representative at Ankara yesterday Turkey re-affirmed she would keep her frontiers with Bulgaria closed till the two countries reach a satisfactory agreement on immigration of Turkish Muslims in Bulgaria.

The note added that Turkey could not accept the Bulgarian demand to receive immediately all persons sent by Bulgaria to Turkey since she had declared herself ready to accept only a fixed number. The note rejected the allegations that Turkey had violated the Turco-Bulgarian Convention of 1925 by closing their common frontier on October 8.

## SALEM WEAVERS' 'HUNGER MARCH'

### Adequate Supply Of Yarn Demanded

SALEM, Oct. 17 (PTI).—About 2,000 handloom weavers of Salem town and suburbs staged a 'hunger march' to the District Collector's office demanding adequate supply of yarn and abolition of controls. The Collector assured the weavers of Government help and explained the steps taken to form yarn advisory committees to ensure equitable supply to all areas.

## REARMAMENT PLANS APPROVED

### U. S. Assures Financial Aid To France

WASHINGTON, Oct. 17 (PTI-Reuter).—The United States yesterday approved in principle the French Government's plans to increase its forces in Europe to ten divisions by the end of 1951. It assured the French Government of financial aid towards the cost of these forces. The United States, however, asked the French Government to concentrate on ground forces and small naval craft and not build air carriers as those could be supplied by United States and Britain under collective security plan.

### Greek Premier Urges Speedy Decision

ATHENS, Oct. 17 (PTI-Reuter).—Greek Premier Sophocles Venizelos has urged U.S. to speed up negotiations on Greek Co-operation with Atlantic Pact Powers for the defence of the Mediterranean area.

## THE BHIL LIVES A NEW LIFE

(Continued from Page 4)

manent abode. The Government did not permit the Mandal to build the Ashram at Dohad as the Mandal was a "socio-political organisation" but permission was at long last granted and Shrikant constructed at his own cost the present buildings of the Ashram while a donation of Rs. 2,000 from Smt. Vijayakunvar Vithaldas of Nagarparker helped us put up the building of the Kanya Ashram. Our Prime Minister, Shri Bala Saheb Kher performed the opening ceremony of the Ashram.

**BAPA GOES TO THANA**

Bapa's eyes turned then to Thana to look after the Adivasis of that district and Shri Vanikar was deputed to look after the work there for a year. The work of forming co-operative societies in this area was undertaken and today rose a beautiful network of a number of co-operative organisations spread all over the Bhil area.

The 1940 Satyagraha and the 1942 Quit India movements again intervened, workers had to court jails and leave the Mandal to the care of Bapa's numerous admirers and friends who helped the Mandal with money to carry on the work. Bapa, in his confidence of stability of the Mandal started sending the workers one by one as his emissaries to other parts of the country where the call of the Adivasis harkened them. Vanikar was sent away to look after the Adivasis of the Thana district and the Madhya Pradesh; Ambalal Vyas was deputed to distant Orissa and Dayabhai Naik was recently ordered to go to Assam, overtaken by the natural calamity of a magnitude unknown; Sukhdevbhai to Rajputana. The Mandal is so much the poorer for their loss, yet it feels proud of their contribution to the cause so dear to Bapa.

The Western India Adivasis Mandal is now followed by the formation of an All-India organisation called the Bhartiya Adivasi Sewak Sangh. The President of the Republic, Dr. Rajendra Prasad is its President and Shrikant of the Bhil Seva Mandal is one of its Secretaries. The Mandal has also undertaken to carry out Sarvodaya scheme of the Government of Bombay in 45 villages of this district.

# Security Measures In Malaya Tightened

## ENTRY OF ALIENS RESTRICTED

SINGAPORE, Oct. 17 (PTI-Reuter).—Holders of certificates of admission now outside Malaya have to obtain visas before travelling back to Malaya. This has come into force from October, 1, writes a PTI correspondent.

Explaining the change made, the Colonial Secretary to the Singapore Government stated yesterday that "the Security situation is now such that it is vitally necessary that we should take sufficient powers to be able to control those who do return to this country and those who should not be allowed to return."

"The requirement that holders of certificates of admission shall in future obtain visas refers only to aliens", said a Singapore Government statement. "It does not in any way affect persons who hold passports issued by member countries of the British Commonwealth of nations. In particular it does not affect persons who hold passports issued by the Government of India or by representatives of that Government."

"Indians who hold French, Portuguese or other foreign passports do require visas, and whether or not they are in possession of certificates of admission, are required to obtain visas before commencing a journey to Malaya."

In respect of holders of valid certificates of admission now in India, China, Indonesia or West Borneo, the new procedure is that:

PROCEDURE

Every applicant for a visa must complete in duplicate an application form, to be obtained from any immigration office in Singapore or the Federation, and must supply one copy of his photograph, passport size, showing head (full face) and shoulders.

The application form, when completed, may be handed in or sent by post to any immigration office in the Federation or Singapore by a personal friend of the applicant, preferably living in the place in Malaya in which the applicant wishes to reside on return. "Applications will not normally be received through lodging houses or travel agencies", says an official statement.

The visa will be a document in itself, and will be valid normally for a single journey only into Singapore or Federation within three months from the date of issue, provided the certificate of admission is still valid at the time of entry.

A visa valid for entry into the Federation will be valid for entry direct into the Federation or via Singapore. It will be delivered to the applicant's friend, on payment of seven dollars in Malayan currency, at the same immigration office at which the application was made. The friend must transmit the visa to the applicant outside Malaya.

MADRAS, Oct. 17. (UPI): For the first time women students have been admitted into the Engineering College, Madras.

## BLACKMARKETING IN TIN SHEETS

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, Oct. 17.

In the raids carried out by the Central Enforcement Branch of Government of India throughout North Gujerat, four persons were arrested on the charges of carrying blackmarket in corrugated tin sheets.

A Special Officer who was appointed by the Centre carried out these raids on the information given by the state. About 20 villages were searched and 350 maunds of tin sheets were seized. It is expected that more arrests will be made in Calcutta, Mathura and Ratlam.

## Calcutta-London Direct Air Service Starts

CALCUTTA, Oct. 17, (PTI): A direct air-service between Calcutta and London was inaugurated today when a luxury constellation of Air Indian took off from Dum Dum airport at 10.40 a.m. for London.

The service was inaugurated by Dr. John Matthai, former Finance Minister of India.

The constellation will pass through Bombay, Cairo and Geneva. The Calcutta—London service will operate twice weekly—on Tuesday and Saturdays.

The Saturday service will be an "express service", the plane stopping en route at Bombay and Cairo only.

# PAKISTAN'S LATEST PROPAGANDA STUNT

## "Kashmir Liberation Day" Scroll In Preparation

(From Our Correspondent)

KARACHI Oct. 16.

**OVER half a lakh of signatures have already been obtained from Karachi citizens on a scroll which will be presented to the Secretary-General of the United Nations, in celebration of the "Kashmir Liberation Day" falling on October 24. It is 'through' this medium that the sentiments of the Muslim world on the Kashmir issue will be made known.**

This campaign of collecting thousands of signatures on the scroll, which will be a couple of furlongs long, has been taken up by the 'Motamer-e-Alam e Islami' alias' World Muslim Conference' which has decided to collect signatures not only in Pakistan but in almost all the Muslim countries of the world--particularly the Middle East countries.

The signatories will reaffirm that Kashmir is an independent unit of the Indo-Pakistan Sub. continent. Besides maintaining that the Azad Kashmir Government is the rightful agency of Government, the signatories will call upon the United Nations not to be swayed by considerations other than those of Justice and world peace in the interests of the "unfortunate land" of Kashmir.

The signatures of Christians and others staying in Pakistan are also being collected on the scroll, to show to the world at large that not only Muslims but all the other communities staying in Pakistan, are one with Muslims in their views on Kashmir.

Mr. Rallia Ram, President of the All Pakistan Christian League, has not only signed the scroll but issued a statement that Pakistan Christians support the views of Muslims regarding Kashmir struggle and endorse every word of the statement made in the scroll.

The scroll is proposed to be presented to the U. N. Secretary-General at Lake Success with over a million signatures, by a specially appointed envoy, on the occasion of the third anniversary of the Azad Kashmir Government.

## LATEST COMMERCIAL NEWS

NEW YORK COTTON MARCH

NEW YORK, Oct. 17.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Previous closing | .. | 37.75 |
| Today's opening | .. | 37.65 |
| Difference | .. | —10 |
| Today's closing | .. | 39.74 |
| Difference | .. | +199 |

## Stop Press

PROGRESS ON LIBYAN ISSUE

LAKE SUCCESS, Oct. 17 (PTI-Reuter): It was announced here today that satisfactory progress was being made towards the drafting of an overall plan to solve the Libyan problem.

The announcement was made when the ad hoc or Special Political Committee of the General Assembly resumed its discussions on the former Italian colonies.

TOMMIES PUSH AHEAD

TOKYO, Oct. 17 (PTI-Reuter): British troops were tonight reported to have pushed on beyond Hwangju only 20 miles south of the North Korean capital Pyongyang.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ON PAY, COMMISSION, OR BOTH,
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Surgical Instruments Makers.
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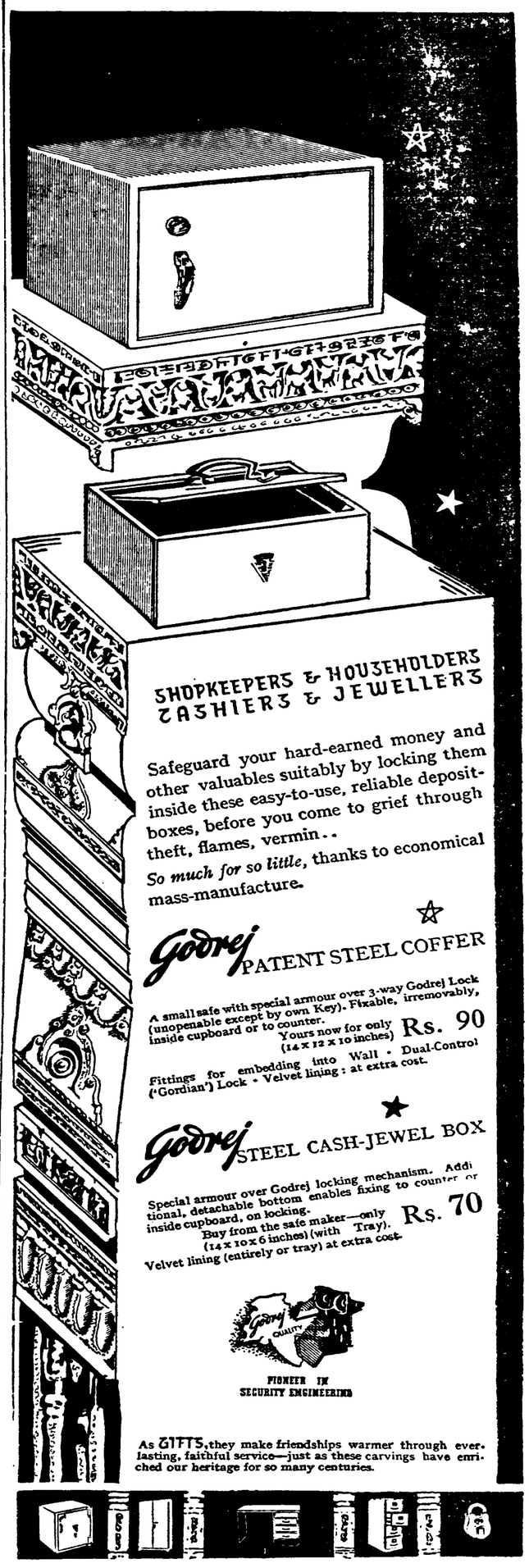
SHOPKEEPERS & HOUSEHOLDERS
CASHIERS & JEWELLERS
Safeguard your hard-earned money and other valuables suitably by locking them inside these easy-to-use, reliable deposit-boxes, before you come to grief through theft, flames, vermin..
So much for so little, thanks to economical mass-manufacture.
Godrej PATENT STEEL COFFER
A small safe with special armour over 3-way Godrej Lock (unopenable except by own Key). Fixable, irremovably, inside cupboard or to counter.
Yours now for only Rs. 90
(14 x 12 x 10 inches)
Fittings for embedding into Wall • Dual-Control ('Gordian') Lock • Velvet lining: at extra cost.
Godrej STEEL CASH-JEWEL BOX
Special armour over Godrej locking mechanism. Additional, detachable bottom enables fixing to counter or inside cupboard, on locking.
Buy from the safe maker—only Rs. 70
(14 x 10 x 6 inches) (with Tray).
Velvet lining (entirely or tray) at extra cost.
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Rajkot: Kothari Industries
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| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| ISSUED CAPITAL | .. .. | Rs. | 1,00,00,000 |
| PAID-UP CAPITAL | .. .. | Rs. | 50,00,000 |
| RESERV' FUND | .. .. | Rs. | 6,50,000 |

SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNT.—Interest on SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS is allowed in multiples of Rs. 5/- upto Rs 20,000/- at 1% per annum on daily Balances of 1½% per annum on Minimum Monthly Balances at the option of the Depositors.
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C. H. DIVANJI, Manager.

# Culture League Score First, But Taste Defeat

## STAR-STUDDED ARYANS LUCKY IN ROVERS CUP

BOMBAY, Tuesday

**ARYANS must be fully indebted to Mukherjee the I.C.L. full back for his lapse in goal area which enabled the Calcutta visitors to triumph by the odd goal in three, over the local stalwarts in the second round of the Rovers Cup Football Tournament at the Cooperage this evening.**

The match brought back memories of a cup tie final played before a capacity crowd, in spite of it being a working day. Many office goers were seen at vantage points an hour before the game started, having played truant.

The match was set at a fast pace and from the start the huge crowds' sympathy lay with Culture League, for they were up against a strong Calcutta combination. Dhanraj, Ghosh and Gokal of East Bengal added vigour to a forward line which was supremely winged by outside left Anthony of Bangalore Muslims goal scoring fame, that annexed the Rovers Cup in 1948. Then, there was Sanjiva, and Manuel playing against their own outfit of yesteryear. Manuel towered a delightful performance with his cool saves.

It was a pity to see Dhanraj, the East Bengal centre forward and Gokal mar good performances with unsporting play. No wonder Calcutta football sees so many ugly incidents. Clever handling of the game by Referee Dhankoti was a highlight of the match.

As for the Culturists they were rather unlucky. It was a pity that after they had scored the first goal, they should have seen their efforts to score a win thwarted by one of their own players. Every man played a grand game and they all deserve mention. Culture League were definitely the better side with far more scoring chances than their opponents.

India Culture League's goal had a narrow miss in the first minute. Right inner, Gokal tested Bhoja from top of the box, but he fumbled with the ball but managed to collect it before Dhanraj got to it.

I.C.L. now transferred play to the Calcutta end and nearly missed going into the lead. Peter sent across a goalmouth pass which Angamuthu headed but it went wide across the goalmouth.

The spectacular way in which Aryans started off soon died down and the Culturists forced the pace. Laloo headed into Sanjiva's hand from a pass from Thomas. Then, the Culturists great schemer Parab accepted a grand back pass by Laloo and had Sanjiva beaten with a ground shot in the fifteenth minute.

Five minutes later Anthony, the visitors left outer sent in a dazzling shot which had Bhoja beaten all ends up to give the Aryans the equalizer.

Mukherjee gave the Aryan's a gift goal. A cross pass from Ghosh the right outer was stopped by Mukherjee and Dhanraj lying close up got hold of the ball and had Bhoja at his mercy to put the visitors in the lead.

From now on the game was completely in the Aryans teritory, but efforts by Peter, Laloo, Thomas and Prab failed to bring forth any tangible results. To the very last second I.C.L. tried forcing a corner, followed by another but they were averted somehow.

The teams were:

ARYAN'S CALCUTTA: Sanjiva; Manuel, Das; Gurbux, Sabadhikary, Sayeed; Ghosh, Gokal, Dhanraj, Bhattacharjee, Anthony.

INDIA CULTURE LEAGUE: Bhoja; Mukherjee, Woodcock; Narayan, Salvi, Pereira; Angamuthu, Parab, Laloo, Thomas, Peter.

REFEREE: B. K. Dhankoti.

## Where Was Dhankoti?

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

**Referee Dhankoti has been unearthed after a considerable lapse of time. He shows rare prowess with the whistle and his clever handling of both today's and yesterday's encounters have set referee critics thinking.**

**Why have the Referees' Association given him the flagging to do? Why was he not allowed to officiate at First Division games? Or has he been studying the finer points as a whistler from the side lines? Bouquets to Referee Dhankoti the best referee in town today.**

## PAK SIDE WIN I. F. C. SHIELD

LUCKNOW, Oct. 17 (PTI): The Soomro Club of Karachi annexed the Indian Football Challenge Shield defeating Fifth Gurkha Rifle from Dehra Dun by two goals to nil this evening.

They are the first Pakistan team to win a tournament so far in India. A record crowd witnessed the game.

The Karachi footballers scored a well merited win through better defence and superior forward play.

Ghaffar, Karachi right back, appeared at times to take the brunt of the Gurkha attacks on himself and Rahman, centre half worked the schemer of the forwards. Roshan exhibited perfect mastery over the ball and spelt danger with all his movements. Left out, Shashad, though often too enthusiastic to the extent of remaining off-side, sent out several inviting centres.

The Gurkhas who had in the out fit six players who participated in the recent Santosh Memorial Shield, failed to impress. The halves, specially Kharag Singh, was sluggish before the opposing forwards and often appeared undecided about his movements. The inside left, Sukhal, one of the best forwards of Calcutta this season, failed to live up to his reputation of brilliant "supplier" to Puran Bahadur outside left. The Riflemen's short passing game was unavailing before the hefty kicking tactics of the Pakistan team.

## E.C. And I.S. Team To Tour Poona

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The Elphinstone College and the Institute of Science Cricket Team are leaving for Poona on Friday 20th October by the Poona Express to fulfil tentative cricket programme.

Six matches have been arranged commencing on Saturday, October 21, when they meet P. Y. C. Hindu Gymkhana, then the Deccan Gymkhana, Club of Maharashtra, Wadians S.C., G.I.P. Rly., and Union Club all have been allotted a single day's game.

The following will make the trip:—L. J. Khichadia (captain); T. P. Raje, S. P. Gupte, V. P. Desai, M. L. Apte, V. M. Kothare, S. P. Dalvi, G. R. Sunderram, S. S. Anandkar, Ram Rajani, A. S. Gupte, D. B. Pednekar, A. R. Gunaji, and N. M. Desai.

## DAVAR'S COLLEGE OPEN TABLE TENNIS

### Entries Close On Oct. 24

BOMBAY. Tuesday.

The Davar's College of Commerce, the Golden Jubilee of which is being celebrated this year, are staging an Open Table Tennis Tournament from 28th October to 4th November next.

The entries for the tournament—held under the auspices of the local controlling body—close on 24th October at 8-30 p.m.

The College have been fortunate enough in securing the St. Xavier's College Hall for the purpose.

The usual seven events, which include the junior's singles and doubles, will be competed for by almost all the leading exponents of the game in the city.

## GEORGIAN CUP FOOTBALL

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

In the only match played in the Georgian Cup Football Tournament, Parel Grenfield beat Dandi United by three goals to one at the St. Xavier's College Gymkhana ground, Parel, this evening.

Parel Grenfield let by two goals to nil at the interval added one more in the second half. The scorers were Shanker scored two goals both from the penalties and P. Krishnan. While Willie reduced the defeat for Dandi United.

Five minutes before the end Pimplegaunker of Dandi United received marching order from Referee for ungentlemanly behaviour.

## In the Day's Sport

**FOOTBALL**

**Cooperage**

5-15 p.m. Tatas vs Secunderabad, (Rovers Cup).

**St. Xavier's Ground, Parel.**

5-20 p.m. Bharat Bushan "A" vs St. George Hospital (Georgian Cup).

**TABLE TENNIS**

**Times Sports Club**

5-30 p.m. First and second round of lower half of Women's Singles and first and second round of third quarter of Men's Singles.

## INTER 'VARSITY FOOTBALL FINAL

### Calcutta Become Champions

ALIGARH, Oct. 17 (PTI): A Dramatic goal scored late in the second half extra time gave Calcutta University a well deserved victory over Osmania University in the final of the All India Inter University Football Tournament this evening. They won by the odd goal in three.

For over sixty minutes Osmania defence underwent a severe onslaught and only a great performance put up by their intermediate line and deep-defender prevented Calcutta from winning by a bigger margin. A testimonial to their greatness was that Qamaruddin in goal was far from over worked and when the occasion arose he proved to be a keeper of exceptional merit. Abdul Lateef left back, was a tower of strength repeatingly coming to the rescue when all seemed lost. His first-time tackling and lofty clearences inspired his team mates to further greatness. Other stalwarts in their heroic defence who caught the eye were Ahmed Hussain, centre half, M. Ghousuddin, right half, and Kaja Kamaruddin, right back. In a disjointed forward line pierce through Calcutta defence, S P Sathyanaayana, inside right, worked hard and gave adequate support to artistic Habib Hassain, centre forward, who when even got going was a constant danger to the north zone champions.

Inside right S. Banerjee scored the all important goal for Calcutta after the men of the left flank had done all the spade work. Once again K. Sinha, inside left proved the guiding hand behind every Calcutta attack. The Calcutta team indulged in long passes to feed their nippy wingers whose speed and ball control were directly and indirectly responsible for both goals

D. Roy on the left came into the picture after the interval and his spectular runs down the wing brought the crowd to its feet cheering lustily.

It was one of these runs down the line that materialised into the winning goal. In a little worked defence S. Ghosh, left back, and A Mitra, right half were outstanding.

## Will Be Better Than Don Tallon!

**SYNDEY Oct 17 (PTI-Reuter): A 14-year-old cricket prodigy, Ray Reynolds, is likely to become a greater wicket-keeper than Australian test star Don Tallon, according to Tallon.**

**Tallon gave the gloves to Reynolds during the first round of matches of a series here and went on to bowl.**

**Reynolds stumped five of the first six batsmen, all off Tallon. Then he caught the last batsman to make his sixth victim for the innings. In the second inning Reynolds stumped another two off Tallon.**

## PHYSIQUE CONTEST IN BOMBAY

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

A Physique Contest to select Mr. Bombay of 1950 and Miss Bombay, as well as Mr. Bombay Junior will be held at the Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall in Bombay on December 2nd at 6 p.m.

The Contest will be held in aid of the Bombay Barbell Club which is affiliated to the Bombay Weight-lifting and Bombay Presidency Amateurs Boxing Federations and seeks to promote these forms of activities in the City.

Besides this, there will be demonstrations of Supine Press, Military Press, Dead weight lifting, Dead Knee building and other feats of strengths and acrobatics.

All those wishing to compete should send in their entries through their respective Clubs or Gyms. or personally on or before November 25.

## Swatantra Smarak Hockey Tournament In Bilaspur

BILASPUR, Oct. 16.

The Swatantra Smarak All-India Hockey Tournament will be held here in the last week of November. Handsome championship Shield and individual prizes will be awarded to the winners and the runnersup. In addition some special prizes will be awarded to deserving players of various teams.

Particulars for this tournament can be obtained from the Secretary, Mr A.L. Pande (Principal, Arts College, Bilaspur), by whom entries will be received upto 6th November.

## Boxing At Jubbulpore

(From Our Own Correspondent).

JUBBULPORE, Oct. 14.

The first annual Boxing Tournament between St. Joseph's High School, Allahabad, and St. Aloysius High School, Jubbulpore, was held here last night when Jubbulpore won six of the seven bouts of a most interesting programme, which included several Special Contests for local exponents of the fistic art. This is the first of future annual competitions which will be held alternately at Allahabad and Jubbulpore when other sports events will be included. Colnoel Apar Singh, Commandant of the Signal Training Centre, Jubbulpore, presided and presented the trophies. Results:—

BABYWEIGHT: W. Murray (S. A. H. S.) beat A. King (S. J. H. S.)

MOSQUITOWEIGHT: K. Murray (S. A. H. S.) beat C. Peters (S. J. H. S.)

PAPERWEIGHT: J. Dias (S. A. H. S.) beat R. Mittra (S. J. H. S.)

FLYWEIGHT: D Fernandes (S. A. H. S. beat E. Rabinson (S. J. H. S.)

BANTAMWEIGHT: Prem Rai (S. A. H. S.) beat T. Veliath (S. J. H. S.)

LIGHTWEIGHT: A. D'Cruz (S. J. H. S.) beat A. Noronha (S. A. H. S.)

LIGHT-HEAVYWEIGHT: R. Morris (S A. H. S.) beat R. Robinson (S. J. H S.)

SPECIAL CONTESTS.

Rajendra Singh (Boys' Regt.) beat Tirath Singh (Boys' Regt.)

B Murray (G. C. F.) beat D. Welcome (Boys' Regt.)

Fr. Chicoo (Boys's Regt.) beat A. Noronha (S. A H. S.)

L/Nk. H. Peter (S. T. C.) beat E. Noronha (S A. H. S.

Boy Awathar Singh (Boys' Regt.) beat J. D'Souza (506 Army W/Shops).

Hav. Karna Bahadur (Boys' Regt.) beat F. Noronha.

Sigmn. Hari Singh Thapa (S. T. C.) beat N Sculthorpe (G. C. F.) Tara Singh (Boys' regt.) beat T. Donegan.

## BASHA LALJEE EXTENDED

### Times Shield Table Tennis Tourney

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

There was little of note that served to enthuse both spectators and competitors in the Women's Singles and Men's in the Times of India open Table Tennis Tournament and a mere process of elimination was gone through with the greatest of ease.

Indu Desai, Siloo Motiwalla Gool Nasikwalla and Mani Bharucha entered the third round in the Women's Singles.

Basha Sayee was fully extended by D. Solomon in their bid to gain entry into the third round of the Men's Singles. Laljee won the initial round with considerable ease, but he was surprised in the next when Solomon won keeping him at 18 points. But he saw the spot he was in and covered the "green" with ease to win the final game.

The following were the results:

**WOMEN'S SINGLES (First Round)**

Aloo Patel beat Charu Khilachand 21-15, 21-9. Mani Bharucha beat Kamal Rege 21-17, 21-17. Siloo Motiwalla beat Kusum Lotwalla 21-17, 21-16. Quinnie Cardoza w.o. "A" Player.

**SECOND ROUND**

Mani Bharucha beat Quinnie Cardoza 21-10, 21-7. Gool Nasikwalla beat Mehroo Ghaswalla 21-15, 21-18. Indu Desai beat Kethelen Samuel 21-12, 21-14. Siloo Motiwalla beat Aloo Patel 21-17, 21-8.

**MEN'S SINGLES**

B. Abraham beat K. R. Raghina 21-9, 21-5. Gal Dastur w.o. "G" Player. E. K. Mistry w.o. "E" Player. D. I. Raje beat V. M. Choksey 21-17, 21-17. M. V. Hallady beat D. Surya 21-16, 21-19. A. B. Dhadplade beat N. V. Kapadia 21-19, 21-16. D. K. Bhatkal beat Chandra Kant 21-15, 21-16. C. P. Kapadia w.o. "B" Player. R. Rodrigues beat K. R. Daver 21-13, 20-22, 21-13.

**SECOND ROUND**

Basha Laljee beat D. Solomon 21-5, 18-21, 21-11. E. K. Mistry beat P. K. Bose 21-2, 21-14. S. K. Ketkar w.o. J. G. Jogidasani. Sam Motiwalla w.o. A. Benjamin. D. Abraham beat D. S. Rajo 21-14, 21-7. D. N. Bhatkal beat Jal. Dastur 21-11, 21-18. M. V. Hallady beat A. B. Dhadphale 21-13. 21-15. B. Pereira beat R. Rodrigues 16-21, 25-23, 21-18.

## TOURISTS ARRIVE AT AHMEDABAD

### To Play Gujerat XI To-day

**AHMEDABAD, Oct. 17, (PTI): The Commonwealth Cricket team arrived here from Baroda by a chartered plane this afternoon to play their fifth match of the Indian tour against a Gujerat Eleven commencing here on a matting wicket of the Commerce College Grounds tomorrow.**

The following are the teams:

COMMONWEALTH: F. M. Worrell (Captain), L. B. Fishlock, G. M. Emmett, J. T. Ikin, H. Gimblett; B.Dooland, G. Tribe, Sonny Ramadhin, R. T. Spooner, (wicket keeper), D. Shackleton and L. Jackson.

GUJERAT ELEVEN: —Phiroz Khambhata (Captain), H. A. Nakhuda (wicket keeper), Vinoo Mankad, Polly Umrigar, G. Kishenchand, Jasu Patel, Jyotindra Shodhan, Dipak Shodhan, Undayan Chinubhai, Reshamwala and Walter D'Souza.

RESERVES: Babu Shah, Anil Laskariand, Kirti Gajjar.

The visitors team shows four changes from that which beat Baroda, the Ranji Trophy Champions, in the previous match. The Derbyshire right arm fast medium pace bowler Jackson comes in place of Fred Ridgway and the West Indian spinner, "Sonny" Ramadhin is included in place of Jim Laker. Spooner will don the gloves instead of Barlow and the Surrey and England left hand opening bat, Laurie Fishlock, who had been omitted only for the match against Baroda in the tour so far, returns in place of the Australian all-rounder Ken Grieves.

Vinoo Mankad and Polly Umrigar, the Indian Test allrounders, who had assisted Saurashtra against the Tourists at Rajkot early last week, are also included in the Gujerat team. They, in addition to the province's regular Test player, Kishenchand, will form the mainstay of their batting while Mankad will also bear the brunt of their attack with his left arm slows.

Left handed Jyotindra Shodhan is their fourth notable batsman. Jyotindra had scored 40 against the first Commonwealth team in the first innings for the Western India eleven. His best performance is 107 for Gujerat in 1946 against Kathiawar in the Ranji Trophy championships and had, at the same time added 201 runs to the fourth wicket in partnership with Prithviraj. Jyotindra is also a left arm medium pace bowler and can open the attack.

The other Shodhan, Dipak, is also a left arm opening pace bowler. He played for the universities against the first Commonwealth team and captured the wicket of Worrell.

Right arm spin bowler, Jasu Patel, will be in charge of the spin attack along with Mankad. He took two wickets for Western India eleven against the Commonwealth team last year.

Walter D'Souza is a useful bat and right arm pace bowler and while the performances of the youngster, Udayan Chinubhai who had been showing consisting form with bat last season, will be watched with interest.

# COLTS SUFFER AN INNINGS DEFEAT

## M. C. C. Gain Success In Opening Match

PERTH, Oct. 17. (PTI-Reuter).

**Brightest spot in the M.C.C. victory by an innings and 149 runs over West Australia Colts here today was the display of Dennis Compton. With an innings of 76 scored in his brightest manner and bowling figures of 4 for 8 in 9.7 of the long eight-ball overs he proved in no undertain fashion that his injured knee was no longer causing him any discomfort.**

M.C.C. were able to declare at lunch for 369 for four, a lead of 266 which left the Colts 3 3/4 hours in which to try and save the game. Compton had batted with more freedom than at any time in England last Summer and hustled between the wickets darting up the pitch to turn ordinary good length balls into half volleys.

Half the Colts were back in the pavilion for 77 when Brown gave the ball to Compton who proceeded to send down 79 deliveries and claim his four victims.

Arthur Mcintyre was also in brilliant form behind the wicket for he took three catches in great style and stumped another batsman.

One sad note was the retirement of Albert Parkhouse after scoring 79. His retirement was in order not to aggrevate a slightly pulled muscle in the back of the left leg, but it is not a serious injury and should right itself quickly.

M.C.C. certainly outplayed their opponents but it was their general approach to the game which suggested that Australians must treat their abilities with greater respect than they were prepared to do before the tour opened.

Dennis Compton, the England and Middlesex batsman today gave his knee a thorough test here under match conditions on the final day of M.C.C.'s two-day game against Western Australia Colts.

Determined to prove there was nothing wrong with the knee which swelled up early on the voyage from England, Compton completed an enterprising innings of 76 in as many minutes.

Though in a strong position when play resumed today the M.C.C. batted on until lunch to gain more useful practice for the opening first-class match against Western Australia which begins on the same ground on Friday.

At lunch they declared at 369 for four in reply to the Colts' first innings total of 103.

Compton claimed 50 of the 77 runs added today in his resumed third wicket partnership with Gilbert Parkhouse which produced a total of 123 runs.

Compton danced down full pitch to both slow and fast bowlers and sprinted for singles. He cut, chopped, drove and hooked in his easy manner. His bright innings ended when he made a careless stroke slashing the ball into Ryle's hands at cover.

Though Compton's fitness was heartening to himself and his colleagues the side suffered a blow when Parkhouse pulled a muscle later in the morning and had to retire when 79.

The only other wicket to fall before lunch was that of young left-hander Brian Close who was clean bowled by Strauss for five with the total at 350.

When the Colts began their second venture the opening pair held out for half an hour and then Warr again struck the first blow by getting Rutherford caught at the wicket. Several times Warr's deliveries grazed the top of the stumps against Sarre and then spin bowling was brought on.

Hollies and Berry both demanded caution but it was Brown who got the next wicket with Mcintyre again helping with a catch at the wicket against Forsaith. Brown also bowled Sarre with a clever legbreak and Mcintyre made his third catch when Warr came back to the attack to get rid of Strauss before he had scored. A fifth wicket before tea fell to Close who was brought on to bowl his left-hand slows which turned away from the bat and one of them beat Ryle. Watson and Dick then held out until tea against a cleverly operated attack.

After tea it was Denis Compton who did the damage for in an inspired spell of bowling he took four of the last five wickets for only eight runs in nine point seven (9.7) overs and the M.C.C. had claimed their first success of the tour with the Colts all out for 117.

### SCORE BOARD

**WESTERN AUSTRALIA COLTS (First Innings)** 103

**M.C.C. (First innings)**

| | |
|---|---|
| Simpson c Dick b Strauss | 109 |
| Sheppard st. Duggins b James | 57 |
| Parkhouse retired hurt | 79 |
| Compton c Ryle b Gorringe | 76 |
| J. Dewes not out | 38 |
| Close b Strauss | 5 |
| A. McIntyre not out | 3 |
| Extras | 2 |
| Total (for 4 wkts.) | 369 |

**BOWLING ANALYSIS**

| | O. | M. | R. | W. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Gorringe | 20 | 1 | 89 | 1 |
| Strauss | 14 | 1 | 68 | 2 |
| Carpenter | 9 | 0 | 51 | 0 |
| James | 16 | 0 | 116 | 1 |
| Sarre | 6 | 0 | 38 | 0 |
| Forsaith | 1 | 0 | 5 | 0 |

**WESTERN AUSTRALIA COLTS (2nd innings)**

| | |
|---|---|
| Rutherford c McIntyre b Warr | 11 |
| Sarre b Brown | 14 |
| Forsaith c McIntyre b Brown | 18 |
| Strauss c McIntyre b Warr | 0 |
| Ryle b Close | 13 |
| Dick c Close b Compton | 31 |
| Watson c Brown b Compton | 18 |
| Duggins b Brown | 2 |
| James st. McIntyre b Compton, | 3 |
| Gorringe not out | 1 |
| Carpenter b Compton | 0 |
| Extras | 6 |
| Total | 117 |

**BOWLING ANALYSIS**

| | O. | M. | R. | W. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Warr | 10 | 0 | 31 | 2 |
| Close | 6 | 1 | 15 | 1 |
| Brown | 8 | 2 | 18 | 3 |
| Compton | 9.7 | 2 | 8 | 4 |
| Hollies | 11 | 2 | 30 | 0 |
| Berry | 8 | 3 | 9 | 0 |

## WASHBROOK LEAVES FOR AUSTRALIA

LONDON, Oct. 17 (PTI-Reuter).

Cyril Washbrook, the England and Lancashire opening batsman left London Airport today to join the M.C.C. team in Australia.

Washbrook did not sail with the team, already playing in Australia, last month because he had business affairs to settle in England and he received permission to travel later by air.

## Bombay Wheelers To Hold Three Cycle Races

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The Bombay Wheelers, a local cycling club, affiliated to the Bombay State Cycling Association have organised three cycle races to be held on 22nd October at 6-30 a.m. round the Queens Road—Marine Drive circuit.

The race are:—

1. Open race for men (three circuits of the course).
2. Ladies race (one circuit).
3. Novices Race (two circuits).

Entries for those events close on Friday, 20th October and will be accepted by the Hon. Secretary at Hira Manzil, 21 Gilder Lane, Bombay-8.

## Ezzard Charles' Next Title Defence

NEW YORK, October 16 (PTI-Reuter): Ezzard Charles tonight agreed to defend his world heavyweight title against Nick Barone of Syracuse on November 28 in Cincinnati.

Barone is sixth in the world light heavyweight ranking list of the National Boxing Association.

## LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

### Scramble For Motor Shares

LONDON, Oct. 17 (PTI-Reuter):—There was a mild scramble for Rootes Motors ordinary shares when dealings began on this issue in the London stock exchange today. These four-shilling units offered to shareholders at 21 shillings were active in the market around 23 shillings and fair turnover was reported.

Most other issues spent a quite day with prices mainly around previous closing levels.

British Government stocks were harder in early dealings but had lost most of the gains at close. Slightly easier trend in industrials was the result of lack of interest rather than any selling and thus trading period ended quietly.

Canadian issues showed no reaction to the change in the Canadian Bank rate but elsewhere in overseas stocks there was renewed firmness in Cambuhy coffee around 576. Minings were uncertain. Coppers opened easier but rallied later on the reported pairs buying. Kaffirs showed small scattered losses.

## INDORE MARKET

(From Our Correspondent)

INDORE, Oct. 17.

Indore stock exchange ruled steady. Following were final quotations in Rs. Indore malwa 104, Hukumchand mill 365, Bhandari mill 551 Vinod mills 322, Kalyanmal 66, Kayanmal pref 75, Rajkumar mill 55. Indore Bank 63.

At Indore Bada Sarafa Association forward silver opened at Rupees 182/1 later it touched 182/3 but registered a sharp fall when there was selling pressure of eight annas. At the close white metal was placed around 181/14/6.

At Indore Bullion Exchange forward gold commenced at Rupees 111/-, highest touched 111/-, lowest reached 110/13 and closed 110/14

## KARACHI MARKET

(From Our Correspondent)

KARACHI, Oct. 17: Cotton market closed. Cotton seeds 6, steadier on local mills demand; wheat 22-12, steadier on local mills buying. Gold 93-8; Easier stock exchange. State Bank 102-8, Habib Bank 50-8, Karachi Electrics 130, Mohammedi Steamship 92-8, Valike Textiles 74.

## REVOLT FEARED IN EGYPT

### Opposition Parties' Note To King

CAIRO, Oct. 17. (PTI-Reuter): Egypt's opposition parties warned King Farouk in a joint statement today that the public's patience had come to an end and they feared a national revolt.

"We are afraid a revolt will take place in the country which will not only destroy those who are unjust but will leave the country in a state of financial, moral and political bankruptcy", they added.

Their petition, submitted to the palace for presentation to the King upon his return from his European holiday, declared, "Egypt today is passing through a state which may be considered the most critical in the country's history. It is regrettable that whenever the country looks towards the palace, obstacles are put in the way for no apparent reason.

"Circumstances have placed in the palace certain officials who do not deserve that honour. These ill advise and mishandle matters.

"Some of them have even come under the suspicion—which is now being investigated—that they are implicated in the arms scandal affecting our valiant army."

## RHEE'S PLAN OF CONQUEST

(Continued from Page 1)

missed as the propaganda of a beaten and desperate group.

**RHEE'S PLAN**

SEOUL: President Syngman Rhee's men are putting on velvet gloves for the next phase of the Korean campaign—the political changeover in the north.

The United Nations had ordered his Government to stay below the 38th parallel. But the South Korean authority is already operating in the north through such instruments of state as the army, police and other officials.

**Six South Korean divisions are already in North Korea, and observers believe it will take more than a United Nations resolution to move them.**

There is now a direct conflict between Syngman Rhee and the United Nations, which want to set up an international authority in the north pending free elections throughout the country.

**UNDOING THE LAW**

Most observers believe it is certain that Communist elements will continue to oppose a change in the regime and support for them will depend partly on the policy adopted towards several fundamental issues.

One is the land redistribution carried out by the Communist Government. Though the Communists largely nullified the advantages of this legislation by heavy requisitioning of produce and taxation, there might be serious trouble—particularly from the farmers—if an attempt was made to undo this law.

Another issue is the status of women. In the north they have received full equality with men in fact as well as in law. Women in the south have not yet achieved this position.

Reports from the north say that women in their twenties and thirties have particularly appreciated their elevation from servility, and any retrogressive action may be courting trouble from this powerful women's bloc in the electorate.

## EX-SYRIAN MINISTER ARRESTED

DAMASCUS, Oct. 17 (PTI-Reuter): Syrian military police last night arrested former Syrian Defence Minister Ahmed Charabati and other Government employees and civilians.

Among those arrested were Hussein Tewfik, the Egyptian student wanted by the Egyptian police on a charge of murdering former Egyptian Finance Minister Amin Osman Pasha in Cairo in September 1946.

Hussein Tewfik, son of a well-known Government official, escaped from Cairo police a month before being sentenced in absentia to 10 years hard labour for the murder.

## WORLD ENGINEERS' UNION

### Khosla As Vice-President

NEW DELHI, Oct. 17. (PTI): Mr. A. N. Khosla, Additional Secretary, Ministry of Works, Mines and Power, has been elected Vice-President of the Union of International Engineering Organisations.

The organisation was formed at a meeting of 21 international engineering and research organisations held in Paris recently under the auspices of UNESCO.

The Union will have 15 foundation-members, one of which will be the International Commission on Irrigation and Canals which has its headquarters in India.

## No Ceiling Prices For Non-Ferrous Metals

NEW DELHI, Oct. 17. (PTI): The Government of India do not propose to fix any ceiling prices for non-ferrous metals for the time being, it was officially announced today.

Government, however, are keeping a "close watch" on the situation and "will prescribe maximum prices if prices show a tendency to rise unduly".

Non-ferrous metals include copper, zinc, tin, lead, brass, unwrought and semi-manufactured, nickel and antimony.

# SCATTERED REALISING IN TATA STEELS

## Absence Of Fresh Business

BOMBAY, Oct. 17.

The Bombay Stock Exchange was quiet today with utter absence of any professional activity. There remains only routine trading with narrow price movement in popular shares. Calcutta market is now closed owing to Puja holidays and in view of approaching Dasara Holiday, there is no inclination to operate.

The mill strike have had no influence on the market and now the end of the strike also failed to have any effect. The market is inclined to await fixation of quotations for cloth by the Government. Tata Steel Shares which maintained a constructive stand on the production outlook were unable to keep up steadiness as a result of a sharp drop in Indian Irons. At the moment traders are holding aloof awaiting fresh developments.

Tata Steel Defd. Shares opened at Rs. 1720/- against yesterday's close at Rs. 1725/- and declined at Rs. 1717/8. Ordinary Shares opened at Rs. 330/- and quietened at Rs. 329. Indian Irons opened at Rs. 30/11 and after declining at Rs. 30/8 steadied at Rs. 30/9. Bengal Steels opened at Rs. 21/9 and declined at Rs. 21/4.

Bombay Dyeings opened at Rs. 942/8 and after declining at Rs. 940/- steadied at Rs. 941/4. Kohinoor Mill Shares opened at Rs. 313/- and declined at Rs. 311. Swadeshi Mill Shares changed hands at Rs. 275 while Simplex shares were done at Rs. 255. Scindia Shares were steady at Rs. 14/11. Bombay Burmas opened at Rs. 503/- and quietened at Rs. 501/4.

Later on there was very little business and Tata Steel Defds were done at Rs. 1718-12 and Ordinary shares changed hands at Rs. 329-8.

## FORWARD SECTION

| | |
|---|---|
| **MILL SHARES** | |
| Bombay Dyeing (7-8) XD | 942 8 |
| Kohinoor Mills (6) | 312 12 |
| Swadeshi Mills (12-4) | 276 0 |
| Central India Mills (66) XD | 243 8 |
| Simplex Mills (6-8) | 259 0 |
| Indore | 103 12 |
| New Great Eastern (3-2) | 156 8 |
| Gokak (12) | 242 8 |
| Century Spinning (15) | 252 8 |
| India Bleaching (8) | 170 0 |
| Swan (20) | 328 8 |
| Finlay Mills (15) | 256 0 |
| Morarji (4-8) | 171 4 |
| Edward | 245 0 |
| Meyer (12) XD | 81 4 |
| Apollo Mills (Rs. 4) | 2 15 6 |
| India United Ord. | 11 14 |
| India United Defd. (0-2-0) | 1-13-6 |
| Madhusudan (15) | 153 12 |
| Podar (9) | 130 0 |
| Khatau (5) | 175 0 |
| **STEELS** | |
| Tata Steel Ord. (16) XD | 329 0 |
| Tata Steel Defd. (79-5) XD | 1717 8 |
| Tata Steel 2nd Pref. (7-8) | 138 0 |
| **CEMENT** | |
| Associated Cement (6) | 170 4 |
| **INDUSTRIES** | |
| Burma (12-8) | 506 4 |
| Belapur (9) | 270 0 |
| Shivrajpur (18) | 43 0 |
| Scindia Steam (9-8) | 14 11 |
| Premier Construction (4) | 117 0 |
| Tata Chemical | 13 0 |
| Tata Oil (1) | 40 0 |
| Indian Iron (6-12) | 30 9 6 |
| Bengal Steel (0-12-0) | 4 7 |
| British India Corp. (0-9) | 8-13-6 |
| India Copper | 2 11 6 |
| Wimco (11) | 233 2 |
| Alcock (28-2) | 310 0 |
| **ELECTRIC SHARES** | |
| Tata Hydro (3) | 161 0 |
| Tata Power (25) | 1617 8 |
| Andhra Valley (30) | 1447 8 |

## CASH SECTION

| | |
|---|---|
| **COTTON MILLS** | |
| Elphinstone (5) | 56 0 |
| Phoenix (6) | 115 0 |
| Indian Mfg (40) | 3350 0 |
| Kurla XD | 101 4 |
| Colaba (12) | 90 0 |
| New City (11) | 164 6 |
| Minerva (12) | 136 4 |
| Sharucha | 4 12 |
| Bradbury | 450 0 |
| Bharat (2) | 27 0 |
| Mysore Defd. (4) | X.D 148 12 |
| Madhavji (0-12-0) | 26 0 |
| Model Mills (12-8) | 155 0 |
| Lakshmi Cotton (25) | 592 8 |
| Vishnu Cotton (6) | 203 12 |
| Western India (40) | 3005 0 |
| Standard (15) | 240 0 |
| Sholapur (200) | 3060 0 |
| Sassoon Cotton Mills (0-8-0) | 27 0 |
| Hindustan Mills (40) | X.D 3410 0 |
| Tata Mills (2-4) | 48 8 |
| Ahmedabad Advance (9) | 240 |
| Sassoon Silk (2-10) X.D. | 34 8 |
| New Union Mills (0-8) | 23 0 |
| Madhusudan S (2-8) | 32 0 |
| Shrinivas Mills (12-8) | 190 0 |
| Raja Bahadur (4) | 60 0 |
| Berar | 255 0 |
| Victoria Mills | 225 0 |
| **ELECTRIC (CASH)** | |
| Ahmedabad Electric (1-8) | 11 4 |
| Ahmedabad New XD | 108 0 |
| Surat Electric (5) | 140 10 |
| Karachi Electric (2) | 127 8 |
| Broach (0-5) | 6 2 |
| Ajmer Electricity (0-8) | 10 4 |
| Amalgamated (0-12) | 11 9 |
| Nagpur Electricity (1-12) | 27 0 |
| Poona Electric Supply (5-2) | 126 4 |
| Bombay Suburban (3) | 140 0 |
| Jalgaon | 10 10 |
| **BANK SHARES** | |
| Imperial Bank of India (40) | 1975 0 |
| Imperial Bank P. (10) | 482 8 |
| Central Bank (1-8) | 83 8 |
| Central Bank New (1-8) | 82 8 |
| Bank of India (4) | 178 8 |
| Union (0-5) | 7 4 |
| Baroda (2-8) | 125 0 |
| Devkaran Nanjee Bank (1-8) | 45 |
| United Commercial (1-8) | 46 0 |
| Jaipur Bank (1-8) | 27 0 |
| Hindustan Commercial | 22 8 |
| Mysore Bank (8) | 365 0 |
| Eastern Bank (0-14-9) | 90 0 |
| **INSURANCE SHARES** | |
| Oriental (125) | 4960 0 |
| Empire (10) | 610 0 |
| New India (2) | 66 8 |
| Jupiter (0-12) | 12 8 |
| Vulcan (0-10) | 13 4 |
| Indian Mercantile (2) | 39 12 |
| Universal Fire | 8 14 |
| B.I.C. | 15 15 |
| Industrial and Prudential | 28 4 |
| Neptune | 7 0 |
| New Great | 18 4 |
| All India General | 10 4 |
| **RAILWAY SHARES** | |
| G. P. (1-14) XD | 111 0 |
| **MISCELLANEOUS SHARES** | |
| Steam (10) | 240 0 |
| Bombay Burma New (5) | 165 0 |
| Burma (Petrol) | 1 9 6 |
| Mackenzie (6) | 90 0 |
| Port Canning (3) | 51 12 |
| Kemp and Co. (30) | 342 4 |
| Zandu Pharmacy (7) | 90 0 |
| Industrial Invest Trust (3-12) | 85 0 |
| Dharamsey Chemical (4) | 59 4 |
| Mukund Iron | 5 0 |
| Dena Trust (0-12) | 12 0 |
| Alembic (15) | 116 14 |
| Supreme Industries | 84 0 |
| Bombay Uganda | 65 8 |
| Indian Cement (1937) | 24 8 |
| Walchand Nagar Industries (15) | 175 0 |
| United Motor | 28 0 |
| Bombay Safe Deposit (27) | 785 0 |
| Hydary Construction | 19 2 6 |
| Mahamadi Steam | 100 0 |
| Gujerat Motor | 26 0 |
| Sardar Carbonic XD | 750 0 |
| Harvey Press | 810 0 |
| Estrella Batteries | 39 0 |
| National Rayon | 68 0 |
| Bombay Cycle | 34 0 |
| Jost, Co. | 76 0 |
| Digvijay Cement | 70 0 |
| **PREFERENCE SHARES** | |
| Tata Steel 1st (6) XD | 195 0 |
| Andhra Valley (7) | 1248-12 |
| Tata Power (7-8) | 1350 0 |
| Hydro Electric (7) XD | 133 12 |
| Bombay Steamer (6) | 220 0 |
| Central India (5) | 631 4 |
| Swadeshi Mills | 130 0 |
| Vishnu Mills (7) | 675 0 |
| Laxmi | 258 12 |
| New Great Mills (5-8) | 216 0 |
| Podar Mills (4) | 95 0 |
| Shrinivas Mills | 98 0 |
| Elphinstone Mills (7) | 108 12 |
| Bradbury Mills (7-8) | 345 0 |
| Surat Electricity (3-4) | 133 12 |
| Pre Construction First | 101 0 |
| Pre Construction 2nd Pref | 98 0 |
| Amalgamated | 115 0 |
| Habib | 72 0 |
| Tata Chemical | 136 14 |
| Walchandnagar | 126 4 |
| Jupiter | 12 15 |
| Supreme | 100 0 |
| Meyer | 102 8 |
| Mackenzie (first) | 92 0 |
| Mackenzie (2) | 85 0 |
| Ahmedabad Advance | 127 8 |
| Mysore Mill | 41 0 |
| Standard | 99 0 |
| Madhusudan | 12 0 |
| Khatau | 99 8 |
| Morarji | 94 8 |
| National Rayon | 80 0 |
| **DEBENTURES** | |
| Andhra 1952 | 101 4 |
| Rubber Planting | |
| Bombay Steamer | 98 14 |
| Indian Hume Pipe | 101 0 |
| Tata Power 1951 | 101 0 |
| Walchandnagar (6) | 106 0 |
| **OUTSIDE SHARES** | |
| Burma Corporation | 3 3 |
| New Victoria Mill | 1 13 |
| New Victoria Pref. | 3 12 |
| Phalton (8) | 118 8 |
| Gold Mohor (20) | 285 0 |
| New Kaisari Hind | 325 0 |
| Sajjan Mills | 115 0 |
| Osmanshahi | 115 0 |
| Alam Shahi | 110 0 |
| Air Services | 4 10 |
| Air India Tata | 65 0 |
| Hind Motor | 6 1 |
| India Steam | 7 7 |
| Tata Locomotive | 98 8 |
| Killick Industries | 129 8 |

## London Stock Exchange

LONDON, Oct. 16

| | |
|---|---|
| 2 1/2 per cent British Consols | £73 5/8 |
| 3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan 1961 | 98 3/8 |
| 4 per cent Funding Loan 1960-90 | 108 1/8 |
| 3 1/2 per cent War Loan on or after Dec. 1st 1952 | 97 1/4 |
| Chartered Bank of India | 9 29/32 |
| Hongkong and Shanghai Bank London reg | 85 1/2 |
| National Bank of India | 34 1/4 |

Transactions on the London Stock Exchange are officially placed at 9,420.

## GOLD & SILVER

BOMBAY, Oct. 17.

The local bullion market was quietly steady with restricted business. Silver section is manipulated by professional operators and Gold section is keeping quiet.

At the opening forward Silver was quoted at Rs. 181/10 and after fluctuating within a range of annas two between Rs. 181/9 and Rs. 181/10 steadied at Rs. 181/10. Mint ready Silver was quoted at a premium of annas two while Bullion was placed at a discount of annas four.

Forward Gold opened at Rs. 110/12 and after declining at Rs. 110/8 improved at Rs. 110/11. Ready Gold was done at Rs. 110/14 and Sovereigns were placed at Rs. 75/8.

Today's arrivals of silver were 35 bars on which the offtake was 18 bars. Final closing quotations were as under:—

| | |
|---|---|
| Ready Silver | 181 6 0 |
| Forward | 181 10 0 |
| Ready Gold | 110 14 0 |
| Forward | 110 12 0 |

## PRODUCE MARKET

BOMBAY, Oct. 17.

The produce market was quietly steady today with moderate business passing. Rajkot Castorseeds were quoted at Rs. 223/12. Quotations in the local market were as under:

| GROUNDNUTS | Rs. As. Ps. |
|---|---|
| Khandesh quality | 42 8 0 |
| Madras | 42 4 8 |
| Bold Ready | 41 8 0 |
| November | 40 4 0 |
| Bold December | 38 2 0 |
| Bold January | 38 0 0 |
| Oil Bombay Mills | 23 8 0 |
| Oil Railway Receipt | 22 12 0 |
| Oil October | 22 12 6 |
| Oil November | 21 7 0 |
| **LINSEED** | |
| Bold Ready | 42 2 0 |
| Ready Satna | 40 8 0 |
| October | 42 2 0 |
| November | 42 3 0 |
| Oil | 22 8 0 |
| **CASTORSEEDS** | |
| Bold Ready | 32 14 0 |
| Madras | 35 12 0 |
| October | 35 14 0 |
| November | 36 2 0 |
| Oil First Pressure | 20 0 0 |
| Oil Bazar quality | 19 0 0 |

## Indian Stock Exchange

BOMBAY, Oct. 17.

| | |
|---|---|
| Tata Ordinary | 329 0 0 |
| Tata Deferred | 1715 0 0 |
| Indian Iron | 30 8 0 |
| Steel Corpn. of Bengal | 21 6 0 |
| Bombay | 941 4 0 |
| Central India | 243 8 0 |
| Gokak | 242 8 0 |
| Kohinoor | 313 8 0 |
| Simplex | 2 59 0 0 |
| Swadeshi | 176 0 0 |
| Tata Power | 1617 8 0 |
| Associated Cement | 170 8 0 |
| Belapur | 270 0 0 |
| Bombay Burma (Old) | 506 4 0 |
| Scindia | 14 11 0 |
| Central Bank | 83 8 0 |
| New India | 66 8 0 |
| Tata 2nd Pref. | 138 0 0 |

## Paris Bourse Irregular

PARIS, October 16.

The opening was very hesitant, though the basic sentiment was good. The public have withdrawn awaiting the turn of international events. However, Indo-Chinese issues, particularly rubbers, deviated from the general trend, making marked advances. French Issues generally were weaker. Rhodesians were maintained but gold mines were lower. French rentes were irregular.

## Brussels Stocks Decline

BRUSSELS, Oct. 16.

Forward quotations tended fractionally lower in quiet trading. On the cash market, coals were weaker though some issues were resistant. The situation was unchanged in glass works while electricity issues were steady. Metalurgicals were resistant. Most other compartments were irregular but fluctuations were very small. On Friday 59,859, were traded of the value of 43,349,042 francs The index was 267.5 an increase of 0.5.

## Art Silk Yarn

BOMBAY, Oct. 17.

| | |
|---|---|
| 120 Ready Japan | 7 2 0 |
| 150 " " | 7 2 0 |
| 120 " Italy | 6 11 0 |
| 150 " " | 6 6 0 |
| 2/40 Staple Oct. | 7 7 6 |

## GOVERNMENT LOANS

BOMBAY, Oct. 17.

| | Rs. as ps |
|---|---|
| 2-1/3% 1954 | 98 14 0 |
| 2-1/2 % 195' | 99 10 0 |
| 2½% 1961 | 96 13 0 |
| 2½% 1960 | 99 2 0 |
| 2½% 1962 | 98 13 0 |
| 3 per cent 1976 | 95 8 0 |
| 3 per cent 1955 Con. | 96 0 6 |
| 3% 1951/54 | 101 1 0 |
| 3% 1953/55 | 101 8 0 |
| 3% 1957 | 101 4 0 |
| 3% 1959/61 | 100 9 0 |
| 3 % 1963/65 | 99 10 0 |
| 3% 1964 | 99 10 0 |
| 3% 1966/68 | 99 7 0 |
| 3% 1970/75 | 99 4 0 |
| 3½% 1954/59 | 104 0 0 |
| 4% 1960/70 | 109 4 0 |
| 4-1/2% 1955/60 | 109 8 0 |
| 4% 1958/68 | 112 4 0 |
| **PROVINCIAL LOANS** | |
| 4 per cent Bombay 1962 | 99 4 0 |
| 4 per cent Bombay 1966 | 99 7 0 |
| 2½% U.P. 1961 | 96 14 0 |
| 3½% Madras 1961 | 96 14 0 |
| 4% Bombay 1955 | 109 12 0 |
| 3% Bombay 1958 | 100 4 0 |
| 4 per cent Punjab 1952 | 102 0 0 |
| 4 per cent Madras 1952/58 | 100 8 0 |
| 3% U.P. 1952 | 100 8 0 |
| 3% C.P. 1952 | 100 8 0 |
| 4 per cent N.W.F. 1952 | 100 0 0 |
| 4 per cent U.P. 1961/66 | 99 2 0 |
| **MUNICIPAL** | |
| 3-1/4 per cent 1977 | 98 13 0 |
| 4 per cent B.P.I. | 109 8 0 |
| 4 per cent B Municipality | 109 4 0 |
| 3% B Municipality | 113 0 0 |
| 3% B. Municipality 1954 | 112 0 0 |

## Central Bank Of India, Ltd.

The following is the Statement of Liabilities and Assets of the Central Bank of India, Ltd., for the fortnight dated 30th September.

| LIABILITIES | Rs. |
|---|---|
| Capital Subscribed | 5,76,66,000 |
| Capital Paid-up Ordinary Shares | 2,62,12,000 |
| Capital Paid-up Ordinary 'A' Shares | 52,42,000 |
| Reserve & Other Funds. | |
| Reserve Fund | 3,16,28,000 |
| Contingency Fund | 40,00,000 |
| Sinking Fund in respect of Lands and Buildings | 38,40,000 |
| Deposits, Debts due to Banks and Agents, Bills Payable, etc. | 1,27,87,23,000 |
| Sundries including Branch Adjustments | 24,58,74,000 |
| | Rs. 1,59,55,19,000 |

| ASSETS | Rs. |
|---|---|
| Cash Credit and Overdrafts on Government and other Authorised Securities | 31,01,88,000 |
| Loans on Government and other Authorised Securities | 6,87,20,000 |
| Bills Discounted | 6,06,07,000 |
| Lands & Buildings | 99,20,000 |
| Sundries including Branch Adjustments | 21,34,07,000 |
| Cash in hand, at Banks, Moneys at Call and Investments in War Bonds, Government Paper, Treasury Bills, Shares, Debentures, etc. | 93,26,77,000 |
| | Rs. 1,59,55,19,000 |

## London Copra Quiet

LONDON, October 16

The copra market was very quiet, apart from small French inquiry. Straits Dutch East Indies fair merchantable delivered weight £ 97-1/2 bid £ 98-1/2 asked, Phillipines nominally 241 dollars and Ceylon £ 102 all per ton C. I. F November shipment. Cocoanutoil was firm, straits in drums £ 150 and in bulk £146, Celyon in drums £ 151 and in bulk £ 147 all sellers per ton October November shipment C. I. F.

## Amsterdam Stock Exchange

AMSTERDAM, Oct. 16.

There were few changes though Royal Dutch were lower attributed to foreign selling Shippings were well maintained, plantations were steady though dull. Investments were slightly harder while dollar loans showed a recovery tendency Americans were unchanged.

## Singapore Pepper Prices

SINGAPORE, Oct. 16

Trading was very quiet Sellers lowered ex-godown prices black lampong by five to 605 straits dollars per picul and white muntok by 10 to 965 dollars.

## Record Of Actual Transactions In Shares

BOMBAY Oct. 17

**MILLS**

Apollo 2-15-6
B Dyeing 943-12 44-6 40 43-2 41-4
C. India 243-8 44 42-8 43-8
Century 252-8
Colaba 88
Finlay 256
Gokak 243 42-8
I. U Defd 1-13-6
I U. Ord 11-14 11-13 11-14
Indore 103-12
Khatau 175
Kohinoor 312-8 11 12-12
Model 155
New Great 156 56-8
New City 163-12 64-6
Phoenix 112-8 15
Podar 130
Simplex 257 55 60 59
Svadeshi 275-4 74-4 75 74-8 76
Tata Mills 49 48-8
Scindia 14-12 14-12-6 14-1-0 14-11-6 14-11

**BANKS**

Baroda 125
Central 834 83-8
Central New 82 82-8
Imperial Old 1970 75 73-12 75
Imperial New 480 82-8
India 178-8
Union 7-3 7-4
U. Commercial 46-4 46

**ELECTRICS**

Ahmedabad 111-4
Ahmedabad New 108 8-4
Ajmer 10-4
Amalgamated 11-9
Suburban 140-10 40
Power 1620 17-8
B.I.G. 16-4
New India 66-8

**STEELS**

B. Steel 21-6, 21-5 21-6
I. Iron 30-10 30-8 30-10 30-9-6
Tata Defd. 1722-8 16-4, 18-12 17-8 21-4 17-8
Tata Ord. 330-8 29-8 30 29
Tata 2nd Pref 138 37-12 38

**MISCELLANEOUS**

Alcock 310
A.C.C. 170 69-12 70-4
Belapur 272 69 70
B. B. Old 503-12 4-6 498-12 507-8 6-4
B.B New 184-6 65
B.B. Petrol 1-9-3 1-9-6 1-8-9 1-9-6
B.I.C. 8-14 8-13-6
Dena Trust 12
I. Copper 2-11-6 2-12 2-11-6
Port Canning 51-12
I. I. Trust 85
P. Const. 117 16-12 17-4 17
Shivrajpur 42-8 43
Tata Chem. 13-2 13
Tata Pref. 136-14
Tata Oil 40-4 40-8 40
Walchandnagar 173-12 75
Wimco 233-2 31-4 33-2

**SPECIAL**

Indian Cement 25
National Rayon Pref. 80

## CHICAGO GRAINS MARKET

### Decline In Wheat Price

CHICAGO, Oct. 16

Grains declined under the leadership of wheat on scattered hedge pressure and commission house liquidation evidently influenced by favourable weather over the grain belt and easiness of the cotton and stock markets. Exporters were credited with buying on decline against sales of one cargo of hard wheat to Holland and 3,800 tons maize to United Kingdom. Trade reports indicated that India late last week purchased small quantities of hard wheat with further inquiries from that country in the market as well as from Italy.

**CHICAGO WHEAT**

| | |
|---|---|
| December | 2.19 3/4 |
| March | 2.23 7/8 |
| May | 2.24 3/8 |
| July | 2.13 5/8 |

## London Exchanges

LONDON Oct. 16

T T London on:—

| | |
|---|---|
| New York | 2.7987/2.8012 |
| Montreal | 2.95 1/2 to 2.96 |
| Stocknolm | 14.47 to 14.50 |
| Switzerland | 12.23 to 12.26 |

## New York Pepper Quiet

NEW YORK, Oct. 16

Black pepper market was extremely quiet, today and values again slipped due to the absence of buying interest. Spot was quoted at 167, nearby afloats at 165, November-December delivery at 163 and December shipments at 148 cents per pound exdiv. Indian advices were again lower but failed to stimulate interest. Mostgrinders appear in no immediate need of supplies and the general tendency is to draw upon their inventories in hopes of further price declines before replacement buying becomes necessary.

Following are today's closing prices: Spot 1.67 asked:

Old and new contracts: October 1.80 November 1.79 December 1.76 January 1.65. February 1.55 all nominals. Sales nil white pepper spot 3.00 nominal.

## Alexandria Cotton

ALEXANDRIA. Oct. 16.

| | |
|---|---|
| KARNAK | |
| November | 119.95+945 |
| January | 119.90+965 |
| March | 119.50+970 |
| May | 119.70+900 |
| July | 119.90+900 |
| ASHMOUNI | |
| October | 114.75+1025 |
| December | 114.95+1125 |
| February | 114.75+1135 |
| April | 114.55+1145 |
| June | 114.35+1155 |

# PRICES IN INDIAN ECONOMIC STRUCTURE

## Excessive Government Intervention Detrimental To Free Economy

POONA, Oct. 16.

"Government, responsible Management in Industry and labour must know and realise that putting into effect a wage increase or a consequent price increase is no real solution. The interests of all concerned are bound up in the real effort. We put forth in increasing the out-put per man hour and thus increasing the national wealth. What is required is co-operation between these three which is well-nigh impossible in an atmosphere of complex controls, and the laybyrinth of laws. We can no longer move in the vicious circle of maintaining controls on account of shortage and increasing the shortages on account controls—" We have reached a stage when the economy may break down under the pressure of these controls and regulations. What would be required in the interests of our economy and having regard to our resources and limitation in man-powers, technical personnel and capital equipment are certain minimum guidance and regulation that would be largely emphasized through broad and impersonal controls affecting only the general environment Such controls can easily be confined to the field of monetary policy, foreign trade and Exchange regulation"—. Thus pleaded Shri R. G Saraiya, President, Indian Merchants' Chamber, speaking on the Prices in the India's Economic Structure, at Poona on Monday, at the Mahratta Chamber of Commerce and Industries. The occasion was the Fifth Gurunathrao Ogale Memorial Day. Shri G. K Dandekar President of the Mahratta Chamber presided.

**UNSOCIAL ELEMENTS**

Referring at the out set, to the charge repeated ad-nauseam without due regard to the facts that the Industrial and business community through their profiteering methods have been responsible for the high prices ruling in the country, Shri Saraiya declared that while there is no doubt, every justification for taking strong action against all unsocial elements who exploit the economic situation to their selfish interests, it is but proper and just that there should be an objective analysis and examination of the facts before such a serious charge is made on one vital limbs of our national economy. As the industrial and business community are the main targets of attack they have to bear this heavy burden and undertake the task of dispelling economic illusions and improve the standard of economic understanding in our country.

**MONETARY INFLATION**

Undertaking a searching analysis of price-movements in our economic structure during the pre-war and war period and its after-math, Shri Saraiya maintained that in an underdeveloped economy where the resources were not fully exploited and where there was already a persisting shortage of prime necessities of life reflected in the low standard of living of the population, the inflationary pressure created by the emergency conditions of war still further accentuated and distorted the distribution of incomes among the various occupational categories of the population. But he was inclined to agree with the view that in an under-developed country, an initial period of monetary inflation, should have been fully utilized for exploiting the opportunities for increased production of all sorts of essential consumer and producer goods.

The level of taxation—both direct and indirect—has added to the rise in prices, the former by acting on a—disincentive to enterprize and production, and the latter directly. The perpetuation and extension of controls has led to a fall in production, and also contributed to a rise in price.

**KOREAN WAR & PRICES**

Referring to the recent developments after the Korean War. Shri Saraiya, maintained that when fighting operations started in the Korean region, there was an immediate spurt in the prices of domestic articles influenced by the prices in other countries and also the psychological factor of the need for preparedness in the event of the spread of hostilities to other areas.

It cannot be denied that the situation regarding prices is critical but, instead of correcting the position with a proper understanding of the events and factors that have led up to this discomforting position, Government have been following the beaten track of controlling the same through measures which have been already tried and applied and which have failed to yield fruitful results.

**PLEA FOR CO-OPERATION**

Considering the argument often advanced, regarding the failure of Policy of Decontrol in 1948, the Speaker was of the opinion that the sudden spurt in prices in the wake of decontrol was but natural owing to a heavy pent up demand, having to be met but sufficient time had been given and other remedial measures as suggested by the industrial and business community had been taken and applied at the proper moment, the situation would have been certainly different.

Concluding Shri Saraiya said that the initial mistake was to assume that all the special measures taken during the war for controlling supply, distribution and prices of—commodities should be continued under conditions which were entirely different in the transition period. He was, therefore, of the opinion that Government can assist in arresting a rise in prices by delimiting confining its control to the minimum essential—without destroying the effective functioning of a free economy,—and by measures calculated to increase production by giving relief in taxation and more liberal treatment of depreciation allowances; and by abolishing the excise duties on some of the articles of the most common consumption in the country like cloth, by relaxing import duties on raw-materials or semi-manufactured goods

*AMERICAN MARKETS*

# EXTENSIVE HEDGE SELLING IN N. Y. COTTON

## Wall Street Steady With Demand For Rails

NEW YORK, Oct. 16.

**COTTONS: Early gains in current crop months were attributed to improved mill buying and short covering attracted by last week's sharp declines. Values soon eased, however, as a result of subsidence of trade support together with extensive hedge pressure against new crop cotton.**

Some selling was possibly based on the easiness of securities and the recent deflationary moves in Washington. Meanwhile far-distants were erratic in a thin market reflecting occasional flurries of light liquidation and short covering. In the afternoon losses were extended on additional hedges and liquidation which uncovered stoploss orders.

Selling eventually subsided and the market rebounded on short covering partly based on technical considerations with some buying possibly influenced by prospects of some relaxation of the cotton export curbs in view of widespread criticisms. The upturn however attracted renewed hedges with the session finally closing easy Sales were 375,000 bales.

**CLOSING QUOTATIONS**

**NEW YORK COTTON**

| | |
|---|---|
| October | 37.86 |
| December | 37.69 |
| March | 37.75 |
| May | 37.64 |
| Middling spot | 38.96 |

New York Cotton March highest 38.25 at 10-12. Lowest 37.65 at 11-56 hours.

**NEW ORLEANS COTTON**

| | |
|---|---|
| October | 37.55 |
| December | 37.60 |
| March | 37.62 |
| May | 37.48 |
| Middling spot | 37.85 |

## WALL STREET MARKET

NEW YORK, Oct 16.

The market appeared rather nervous and prices backed away further. Losses ranged upto one dollar or so Oils averaged lower, although eastcoast distillate price increases have become general. Although still under pressure, most televisions limited losses to fractions.

Some encouragement was derived from forecast that the industry's government business in 1951 will not exceed 20 per cent of the present capacity. At noon the averages were industrials 226.24 and rail 69.00 Aided by dwindling pressure the stock market managed to reduce or more than erase earlier losses. However into the final hour there was still a predominance of mostly fractional declines.

The nervousness mainly reflected the speed with which government has tightened credit restrictions. Rail equipments were among the more popular groups and averaged higher deriving cheer from the New York central system's order for 7,000 additional freighters. The rally made some further headway in late dealings and the composite average finished only a shade lower. The market closed steady.

**NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE**

**CLOSING QUOTATIONS**

| | |
|---|---|
| American Tel. and Tel. | 150-3/4 |
| Amerex Holding | 39 |
| Anaconda Copper | 35-7/8 |
| Chase National Bank | 36-7/8 |
| Firestone Tyre | 73-1/2 |
| General Electric | 48-7/8 |
| General Motors | 52-1/8 |
| Ingersoll Rand | 72-1/2 |
| International Nickel | 33-3/4 |
| National City Bank | 43-1/8 |
| New York Central Rail Road | 16-7/8 |
| Sinclair Oil | 30-5/8 |
| Socony Vacuum | 24-1/4 |
| Taxas Co. | 74-1/2 |
| Union Carbide | 46-1/2 |
| U.S. Smelting refining | 51 |
| U.S. Steel common | 40 |
| Western Union "A" | 39 |

Total number of shares which changed hands during the day is 1,620,000.

Highest and lowest U.S. Steel trading prices were 40 and 39-5/8 respectively.

## London Pepper Market Dull

LONDON, Oct. 16.

The pepper market was idle with prices untested and nominally unchanged. Black lampong, October shipment, at 11sh. 8d., white muntok at 18sh. shipping weights and white sarawak at 18sh 6d. delivered weight all per pound C I F basis ports. Malabar afloat at 1,450 sh., October at 1,410 and October-November at 1,575 sh. per cwt., C. I. F. United Kingdom.

## Madras Share Bazar

MADRAS, October 17

The following are today's quotations in the Madras stock exchange market:—

SECURITIES: Govt. of India loans three percent paper 96/4 three percent 1986 96-0/6 three percent 1970/75 99/2 three percent 1966/68 99/11. Govt. of Travancore: three percent 1952/54 102/5 Govt. of Madras: three percent 1956 100 1 three percent 1960 98/11.

BANKS: Travancore 13/2.

SUGARS AND BREWRIES: Deccan 19/- Mysore 46/4 Travancore 6/8 do pref. 8/14.

PLANTINGS: Chemonda 5/7 Cochinmalabar 6/11 Devashola 16/14 Highland produce 26/8 Kallas 1 9/6 Kaipetta 2204 Malankara 65 Midland 7/2 do pref. 5/13 Neelamalai 3/6/9 Nelliampathy 1/7/6 Ouchterlony 6/15/6 Peermade 56/8 Periakarmalai 35/12 Read 33/12 Pullangode 1/12 Puthuthottam 4/10 Thirumbadi 2/15/6 T R and T Co. 7/6 do pref. 9/2 Vaikundam 11/2.

TEXTILES: Bang woollen 238 Buckingham 140 do pref. 186 Cambodia 12/4 Coimbatore C M 157 Dhana: lakshmi 249 Janardhana 86 Lakshmi 77 Madura 36 Mettur 356/8 Pankaja 89 Radhakrishna 215 Ranga Vilas 50 Rajalakshmi 85 Trav rayons 4/9 do pref. 7/7 Trichinopoly 13/8 Vasanta 117/-.

MISCELLANEOUS: Andhra Cement 77 India Cement 16 Mettur Chem. 5/8 do. pref. 92/8 Mysore Chem. fert. 9/13 Paper 12 Spencer 12/8.

## Ahmedabad Share Market

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

AHMEDABAD, Oct. 17.

The following are closing quotations of local share markets: Calico closed 289, Ambica 315. Arvind 770. Diffd. 1718, Ashok 372, Anil Starch 364, New Commercial 907-8-0 New Shorock 553-8, Mahalaxmi 362-8, Atul 75-4.

FLUCTUATIONS were nominal and market was rather dull.

## N. Y. Silver Sales

NEW YORK, October 16.

Open market demand was well maintained and approximately 300,000 ounces were sold at unchanged 73 cents per ounce.

**SALES OF TREASURY BILLS**

During the week ended the 13th October, Government of India Treasury Bills for Rs. 3,25,000 were sold in favour of the Reserve Bank of India.

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The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B. 1065

# B. G. HORNIMAN'S FIGHT FOR FREEDOM RECALLED

## Decision To Build Memorial At City Meeting

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

THE late Mr. B. G. Horniman's services to India and journalism were recalled at a meeting held this evening to observe his second death anniversary.

It was decided to form a committee to raise funds to build a memorial for Mr. Horniman, who was the founder of The Bombay Sentinel. The meeting was presided over by Dewan Chamanlal, former Indian Ambassador to Turkey.

Dewan Chamanlal, in paying tributes to Mr. Horniman's memory said that he was a "courageous fighter, a loyal friend, a fearless writer and a devout champion of liberty."

"Never did Mr. Horniman in his long and historic career ever allow himself to be exploited by vested interests; he never compromised his principles but always stood by the cause of justice."

Dewan Chamanlal said that Mr. Horniman always supported a dynamic policy in international affairs and had he been alive today, he definitely would have expressed himself totally in favour of Pandit Nehru's policy.

Recalling Mr. Horniman's "uncanny knack" for "getting out of trouble" with his legal acumen, Dewan Chamanlal said that Horniman had set a glorious example for all journalists.

FEARLESS WRITINGS

Mr. Jamnadas Dwarkadas, who also spoke said Mr. Horniman, Mr. C. F. Andrews and Mrs. Annie Besant were the three Britishers who were loyal friends of India and helped India towards attainment of independence.

Horniman created an unprecedented public opinion against the tyrannical rule of the British by his fearless writings and frequently incurred the wrath of officialdom, but he never swerved from the path of duty and always championed the Indian cause.

Mr. Jamnadas Dwarkadas said that Mr. Horniman was one of the trusted lieutenants of Sir Pherozeshah Mehta and the latter had specially chosen him to edit "The Bombay Chronicle" immediately after he had founded the paper.

"There are few editors today of the calibre of Mr. Horniman who would even risk their jobs in order that their views may be respected by their employers," Mr. Dwarkadas said.

Mr. Joachim Alva, Editor of "Forum" regretted that all previous attempts to create a memorial to Mr. Horniman had proved abortive.

The meeting passed a resolution placing on record Mr. Horniman's services to the city and the nation and appointing a Committee, with Dewan Chamanlal as Chairman to raise funds to erect a memorial for Mr. Horniman.

## DECLARATION OF YARN STOCKS

### Dealers To Note

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Attention of all dealers in yarn is invited to the Provincial Textile Controller's order dated October 14, 1950 regarding the freezing of stocks of yarn, pulbished in Part I of the Bombay Government Gazette (Extraordinary), of the same date. The dealers should note that they are required to submit a 'NIL' report even if they do not hold any stock of yarn on October 14 in the form appended to the Order

The order does not apply to stocks of (a) yarn purchased by or on behalf of a State Government and held by the dealer for being despatched to that State under the orders of the Textile Commissioner, Bombay; (b) sewing thread or yarn specially prepared for sewing; (c) imported or foreign yarn; (d) silk and art silk yarn; and (e) waste yarn below .75 count. The dealers are therefore not required to incorporate information regarding such stocks in the form of declaration

## GIVE FOR KASHMIR FLOOD RELIEF

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

An appeal to the "generous public of Bombay" to contribute to the "Sher-e-Kashmir Flood Relief Fund" has been made by Dr. S. S. Nishat, Kashmir's Trade Agent in Bombay.

Dr. Nishat, who has just returned from a tour of the flood-stricken areas of Kashmir, said that the task of rehabilitation was "stupendous". The problem was urgent in view of the approach of winter, he said.

## CONTINGENCY FUND BILL PASSED

### Fourth Party Opposition In Bombay Assembly

POONA, Oct. 17. (PTI): The Bombay Legislative Assembly passed today the Bill for the creation of a contingency fund of Rs. three crores after some discussion on whether a clause in the Bill was ultra vires of the Legislature itself.

The clause referred to empowered the State Government to frame rules regulating all matters in regard to the contingency fund. A point of order that the clause was ultra vires of the Legislature inasmuch as it delegated the legislative functions to the State Government was raised by Mr. J. H. Shamsuddin of the Fourth Party. He said that the Constitution laid down that the legislature enact a law for the framing of the rules, and until such a law was passed by the Legislature the Governor of the State was empowered of frame those rules.

The acceptance of the clause, he said, would amount to abdicating of the legislative functions to the executive, a procedure which had been held ultra vires of the legislature by high courts in Bombay, Madras and Bihar.

The Finance Minister had earlier pointed out that the Bill before the House was an exact copy of a similar legislation passed by the Parliament which had taken into account various judicial decisions.

NO DEFINITE RULING

The Speaker, Mr. K. S. Firodia, did not give a definite ruling but said that the point of order was very important and had agitated even the federal court. He himself, Mr. Firodia said, was not free from doubt as to the interpretation of the articles in the Constitution regarding the framing of rules for the contingency fund, and Mr. Shamsuddin's interpretation might be correct. It was, however, to be noted that both the Central Government and the Bombay Government had the benefit of their legal advisers before framing the Bill.

Mr. Firodia said the question before him, however, was not to assume the powers of a judiciary. It had often been held in various legislatures, including the House of Commons, that if the Government brought forth a legislation, over which doubts were expressed whether it was in the competence of the House, the presiding officer should not assume judicial powers and kill the measure in its infancy. It was, however, open to any member of the House, or even the public, to seek a remedy against such legislation before a law court.

Therefore, the speaker said, he would allow the consideration of the bill by the House. The inclusion of that clause was opposed by the members in the opposition when put to vote.

## PRAKASAM RETURNS TO HIS CHARGE

### Motion For Appointing Enquiry Body

MADRAS, Oct. 17 (PTI): Mr. T. Prakasam, former Premier of Madras, has revived his motion in the Assembly for the appointment of a select committee to go into the allegations against certain Minsters of the Madras Cabinet, it was learnt here today.

Earlier during this session of the Asembly, the motion had been ruled out of order by the Speaker, Mr. J. Sivashanmugham Pillai, as it was not in the "proper form".The motion in the requisite form was renewed by Mr. Prakasam but in view of the prorouguation of the Assembly, the motion lapsed.

Mr. Prakasam has requested the Speaker to revive the motion and include it in the agenda of the Assembly for its next sitting beginning on November 13.

Horniman Anniversary: Dewan Chamanlal speaking at the club of the Bombay Union of Journalists.

# *FRENCH PANICKY OVER REVERSE IN INDO-CHINA*

## *Strong Typhoon Hampers Evacuation From Langson*

SAIGON, October 17 (PTI-Reuter)

A TYPHOON today pinned down all planes evacuating civilians from Langson, the last big French stronghold on the Communist China frontier.

Langson is the southernmost of a chain of frontier fortress towns, of which the French have within a month quit four of the biggest under Vietminh pressure—Caobang, Dongkhe Thatkhe and Nacham.

In Paris French M.Ps alarmed at the grave setbacks in Indo-China, were expected to press today for a full debate in the reconvened National Assembly.

VIETMINH MASSING

French army headquarters in Indo-China said today that air reconnaissance had disclosed insurgents massing near the China border, but the military situation was otherwise unchanged.

The typhoon had cut the border highway in several places as well as halting the airlift of evacuees from the frontier area to the rice bowl delta round Hanoi, the Tonkin capital.

The French still held the 75 year-old stone fortress at Dongoang, 12 miles north-west of Langson.

Lorry-loads of Vietnamese Chinese civilians were moving down the mountain pass to safety in the Tonkin delta, 60 miles to the south, the announcement said.

They were believed to be sheltering from the storm at a small French outpost, an Army spokesman said

Further south in the Tonkin delta, forces were reported to be still fighting and mopping up guerillas who had infiltrated.

The army spokeman said a railway had been sabotaged near Haiducung, 30 miles east of Hanoi, on a one-line track to the delta's main port of Haiphong.

Defenders of a French post near Tourane, a port in Central Vietnam, fought off for two hours a Vietminh assault with artillery.

Installations were blown up in a French-Vietnamese sorites in the Donghui area 244 miles further north-east. Two tons of ammunition including twelve cases of mortar bombs were captured.

The spokesman reported a lessening sabotage attacks on French control towers dotted throughout pacified Cochin-China in the south.

Marines and soldiers were mopping up guerillas on both sides of the Saigon River.

## VIETMINH STRENGTH GROWS

### French Minister Admits

CALCUTTA, Oct. 17 (PTI): Mr. Jean Letourneau, French Minister for the Associate States of Vietnam, Cambodia and Laos who passed through here on his way to Saigon said that Ho's troops were now better equipped which indicated that they were getting arms from outside. He however added that he had no information about the reported Chinese aid to Vietminh. The Minister is proceeding to Saigon to investigate into the French campaign against Vietminh forces.

SECULARISM: A society for the propagation of secularism in India has been formed at a meeting of prominent nationalist social workers at Calcutta.

## NO FORCIBLE EVICTION

### Israel Denies Egypt's Charges

LAKE SUCCESS, Oct 17 (PTI-Reuter): The Security Council met yesterday to hear Arab and Israeli complaints about alleged violations of the Palestine Armistice Agreement.

Mr. Warren Austin (United States) was in the chair.

Egypt charged Israel with systematically expelling Palestine Arabs and violating various provisions of the Armistice Agreement.

Mahomad Fawzi Bey of Egypt alleged Israel had so far forcibly removed over 6.000 Arabs from Palestine.

Mr. Aubbey Eban of Israel denied all the charges of violations of the Armistice Agreement.

The Security Council adjourned till Friday.

## RACIALISM IN ACTION

### Brockway Walks Out

NAIROBI, (By Mail): Mr. Fenner Brockway walked out of a restaurant here (says a report in "Tanganyika Opinion") because that restaurant declined to serve an African who was with him "I am not prepared to accept the service of a restaurant which denies that service to my fellow African human-being", he declared.

In defence, the hotel-keeper told, Mr. Brockway that recently in Nairobi five restaurants had had their licences cancelled because they served Africans!

The incident occurred just after he had concluded a visit to the Government House where leading members of the Government had assured him—and he thought, quite sincerely—that they were opposed to racial discrimination.

### Coloured South Africans To Protest

CAPE TOWN, Oct. 17. (PTI): Two hundred delegates representing one hundred thousand coloured South Africans (of mixed race) last night decided to protest to the Government against its decision to take them off the common roll of electors and place them on a separate roll.

They will ask Premier Daniel Malan and Mr. N. C. Havenga, Leader of the Afrikander Party, to receive a deputation.

### Madras Irrigation Schemes

MADRAS, Oct. 17. (PTI): The Sub-Committee of the Madras Cabinet on food production has approved two irrigation schemes costing Rs. 6 lakhs, to increase food production of the State by 1,000 tons.

The schemes will benefit Nellore and Guntur districts.

# U.N. DELEGATES STUDYING INDIA'S VIEWS

NEW YORK, Oct. 17 (PTI): India's Korean and general Far Eastern policy as clarified by Prime Minister Pandit Nehru at his press conference, was today being closely studied by the United States and other delegations to see if the line of action chalked out by them in the United Nations was affected by it, cables D P Wagle, PTI correspondent.

Press summaries of Pandit Nehru's statement had reached Lake Success during the Political Committee's debate on the Western Powers "united action for peace" resolution and word quickly got round that the Indian Prime Ministe had liked it to "converting the United Nations into a larger edition of the Atlantic Pact".

The Indian delegation had been on the list of speakers on Clause 'A' of the resolution, but it did not speak during the day, and some attributed this fact to a possible desire on its part to see fuller versions of Pandit Nehru's speech especially as it had been differently interpreted in United Nations lobbies.

PRESS COMMENTS

This morning both The New York Times and the Herald Tribune gave front-page importance to Pandit Nehru's press conference, The Times also publishing the full text of the statement made by the Prime Minister.

The Times commented in its lead on the story that Pandit Nehru "appeared to be (in) a conciliatory mood."

It was not expected that Pandit Nehru would extend his support to the "united action" resolution sponsored by the United States and other countries, but obviously a more hopeful study was directed at other passages in Pandit Nehru's statement, to see whether he was softening about the UN action in Korea.

## Not Quite Easy To Sympathise

### LONDON COMMENTS ON NEHRU POLICY

LONDON, Oct. 17 (PTI-Reuter): Pandit Nehru's foreign policy statement at yesterday's press conference in New Delhi got prominent display in most of the British newspapers this morning.

Both The Times and The Manchester Guardian published lengthy reports from their own correspondents in New Delhi. The Daily Telegraph reported the press conference more briefly, but devoted its main editorial column to comment on Pandit Nehru's foreign policy.

The Daily Worker published a lengthy report of the press conference in its front page under a four-column headline reading "Nehru Condemns Acheson: 'A War Plan'."

The Daily Telegraph commented that India's judgment (or Mr. Nehru's) of the Korean situation "appears to many in this country fallible in several respects, both general and particular."

The paper said: "In this country Mr. Nehru is regarded with high respect and considerable affection. We know him to be our friend and we share many of his ideals, but it is not always so easy to sympathise with his attitude in practice."

The Scotsman (Edinburg) considered that Pandit Nehru's attitude "betrays a rather naive lack of realism" The paper said, "He is apparently desirous of assuming the role of a third force in international politics and trying to appeal as a mediator in the struggle between the Communist and the Western powers."

### Nehru As Chancellor Of Cambridge

LONDON, Oct. 17, (PTI-Reuter): The Cambridge Undergraduates newspaper "Varsity" has named Pandit Nehru as its choice for the Chancellorship of the Cambridge University after Field Marshal Jan Smuts.

Saying that Earl Mountbatten was most likely to succeed to this post, the "Varsity" asked, "Why not Nehru?"

The paper said that Pandit Nehru is as greatly respected in the Commonwealth as was Smuts. He was educated at Cambridge and he is "the man who has maintained the most consistently impartial attitude throughout the Korean war."

FARM STATISTICS: President Rajendra Prasad will inaugurate the fourth annual meeting of the Indian Society of Agricultural Statistics to be held in New Delhi on November 14. The programme will include symposia on subjects of topical interest such as "Assessment of Grow-More Food Measures" and different aspect of crop forecasting and surveys. Dr. Rajendra Prasad will also address the meeting.

## FROM PILLAR TO POST

*BANARAS, (By Mail): Torn between the district authorities and the municipal authorities here who are yet bargaining on who should be saddled with the cost of maintaining temporary clerks in the election office here about a dozen of such employees, since out of service, are reported to be going without any payments for more than two months now.*

*The clerks were appointed on Rs. 85 per month for correction of the Municipal electoral rolls and for disposal of claims and objections from the public, from time to time in the months of July, August and September. Refusal by the Municipal authorities to make the payments is alleged by the clerks concerned, according to whom the district authorities have now referred the matter to the Commissioner of the Banaras-Gorakhpur division, having failed in their effort to induce the Municipal authorities to make the payment.*

## *Ban On Animal Sacrifices*

### *NON-OFFICIAL BILL PASSED IN MADRAS*

MADRAS Oct. 17 (PTI). The Madras Council (Upper House) today adjourned "sine die" after passing a non-official Bill prohibiting bird and animal sacrifices in the precincts of Hindu temples in the State.

The Bill which has already emerged from the Assembly, prescribes a fine up to Rs. 300 and simple imprisonment upto three months for priests and persons abetting such sacrifices.

Earlier, the Council passed the Appropriation Bill authorising the State Government to spend Rs. 15,54,-000 for supplementary expenditures on sixty-one new schemes, mostly relating to irrigation and electricity developments.

## *Jute Price Falls In E. Pakistan*

BHAIRAB, (Mymensingh), (By Mail): Jute price has fallen to Rs. 10 per maund in the Kalika Prosad area of this police station. Even then there is little transaction for want of buyers. Acute distress prevails among the people, says a report in "Pakistan Observer", Dacca.

The Associated Press of Pakistan reports from Rajshahi that the price of jute is fluctuating between Rs. 8 and Rs. 14 according to grade. The cultivators, it is reported, do not receive regular payment from the jute agents appointed by the Jute Board for their sale.

## CONVICTS' BIT FOR ASSAM

KANPUR, (By Mail): The usually dreary atmosphere of Unnao district gaol buoyed up when its prisoners staged a drama in aid of Assam earthquake sufferers.

Consisting mostly of Kanpur gentry, the audience included the State's Jail and Excise Minister, Sri Girdhari Lal, who had it announced that convicts who had organised the drama would be allowed 1½ months', convict-actors 1 month's and the rest of the inmates of the prison, 10 days' exemption from rigorous servitude.

### Burmese Premier Completes A Play

RANGOON, Oct. 17 (PTI).—Burma's author-Prime Minister, Thakin Nu, has just finished a play about life in Burma after independence which includes tirades by the insurgents against himself, the Government and his party. The play is entitled "Ludu Aungthan" (Peoples Triumph). The play is being translated into English. The Premier, it may be recalled, is a Shakespearean scholar and has written many plays and books.

### Appeal Against Bank Awards

NEW DELHI, Oct. 17. (UPI): A petition for special leave to appeal against two awards of the All-India Industrial (Bank Disputes) Tribunal, delivered on July 31,1950 and August 2, 1950 respectively, was filed in the Supreme Court today, on behalf of the Punjab National Bank Ltd.

### Brahmaputra Threatens Dibrugarh Again

DIBRUGARH, Oct. 17 (PTI): River Brahmaputra is now flowing in three main channels. Despite all possible efforts erosion continues at the rate of 8 to ten feet per day and the river now only 200 feet away from the thickly-populated Tinkonia ward in the east of Dibrugarh.

## IN A CHINA SHOP

By Taurus

FEARFUL, as it has been said, is the other fellow's job. I am not one of those who can claim to enjoy the movies. I do not share the funny notion that an old uncle of mine had, that all films are unrealistic because the characters are always putting their left foot forward. Films, I admit, have improved vastly since those days. But they bore me to tears. It is many years since I have sat through a show and I think I hold the record for sleeping through the tender moments of one of the early Marlene Dietrich productions.

But all things come to a journalist and the other day the film critic reported — I use the word advisedly — sick and before I knew where I was the Boss had told me that I must step in to the breach. There was a preview at the Strand and I was put down to cover it. Nothing would serve to get me out of the ordeal. In these matters, it is best to take the poet's tip and "be patient and proud and soberly acquiesce". In other words, needs must when the Devil drives.

Well, to cut a long story short, there I was at the theatre. I put down a couple of (soft) drinks and settled down to a quiet snooze. whatever the picture was, the horse could not be made to drink it in even if it was dragged to the show.

The first blow to my vanity came when I suddenly realized that for about fifteen minutes my attention had been held. The film was interesting. After half an hour, I realized that it was very interesting. By the time the show was over, I had had to swallow most of my ideas about Hollywood, hook, line and sinker.

The movie was a grim and sordid one. The theme was certainly not a pleasant one. If anyone can claim to be entertained by Warner's "Caged", then he must be peculiarly devoid of all humanity. But I also feel that everyone — and this is no fox without a tail business — owes it to his conscience to see this great film. It is all about the horrible plight in which first offenders are placed in some American prisons.

Instead of raelising that beginners in crime are not habituated to it and doing something for their rehabilitation, the administration, with an amazing lack of ordinary sense herds them into prison with old lags and lawbreakers of the worst kind The fault does not lie with the prison administration, though even here care can be taken to see that sadists of the worst type are not allowed to handle the reins. The main trouble is that since the prisons are tied in with all sorts of shady party politics, the care of the prisoers goes hang and the pick of the administrative plums goes to the highest bidder, howsoever unsuitable he may be.

The gradual disintegration of an innocent girl under the brutality of prison life kept me awake half the night — and I'm not too sensitive about these things. I feel that for once Hollywood was true to itself. It treated the subject with restraint as well as realism. The prison staff were not made into monsters merely to enlist the sympathy of the audiences. They were typical of their class just as the heroine was true to type as the girl who made her first mistake and paid for it the rest of her life

Warners' "Caged" is a first rate movie. The main role was handled by — I think — Eleanor Parker, who seems one of the most accomplished actresses on the screen. But the main cause for handing this film the palm is the way the matter has been brought to the screen Indian producers should take tips on how to handle social subjects. The frills and gew-gaws with which our local "geniuses" clutter up their hackneyed product and then expect accolades is disgusting. There are conditions in this land of ours that cry to heaven for vengeance but as far as the film world is concerned, it is content to go merrily the way it has in the past.

It is about time that instead of behaving like a bunch of adolescents, our directors and producers got together and did at least ONE sensible picture about a major national problem — and there are dozens one can think of off-hand. It would not be a bad idea if Warners arranged a special show for the local film people in order to demonstrate the right way to use a medium of art and of instruction.

## NO IMPEDIMENT TO ANTI-RED BILL

### Australian Labour Party's Move

CANBERRA, Oct. 17 (PTI): The Labour dominated Australian Senate which has been fighting a delaying action of anti-Communist legislation for the last two weeks, today agreed to let the Government's Bill have top priority.

Yesterday the governing body of the Australian Labour Party withdrew all opposition to the passage of the Bill.

Prime Minister, Mr. Robert Menzies announced at a press conference that the Bill which outlaws the Communist Party would be put into effect the day after it has been passed by the Senate.

"The dissolution of the Party operates at once" he said "and immediately upon that a receiver will be appointed, that is in hand."

The Bill, giving the Government sweeping powers to remove Communist members from key public and trade union posts as well as outlawing the Party, is expected to become law this week.

Prime Minister Mr. Menzies would not reveal at his press conference today who would be the first persons "declared" under the Act.

MUTT AND JEFF—Jeff Was Landing On His Constitutional Rights — By BUD FISHER

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